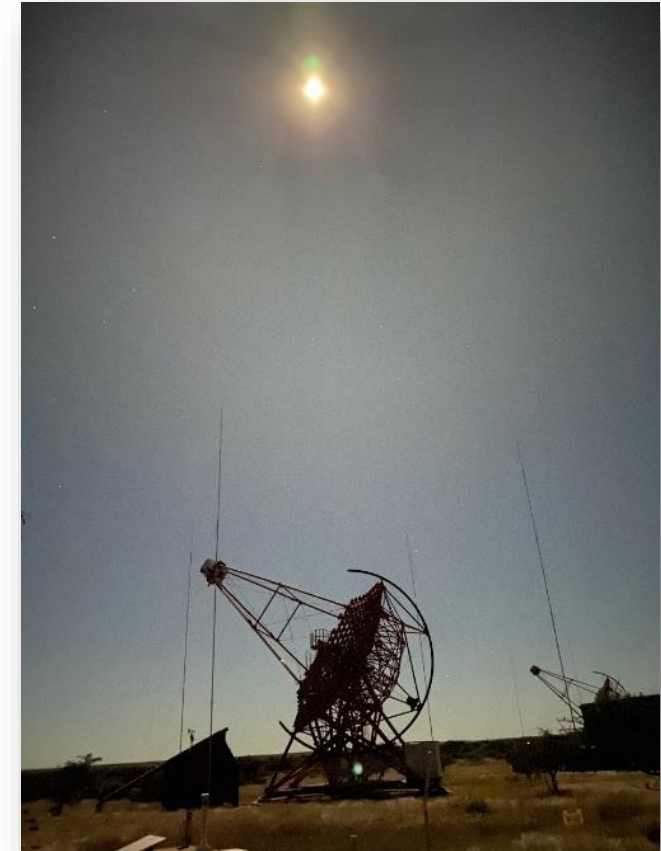


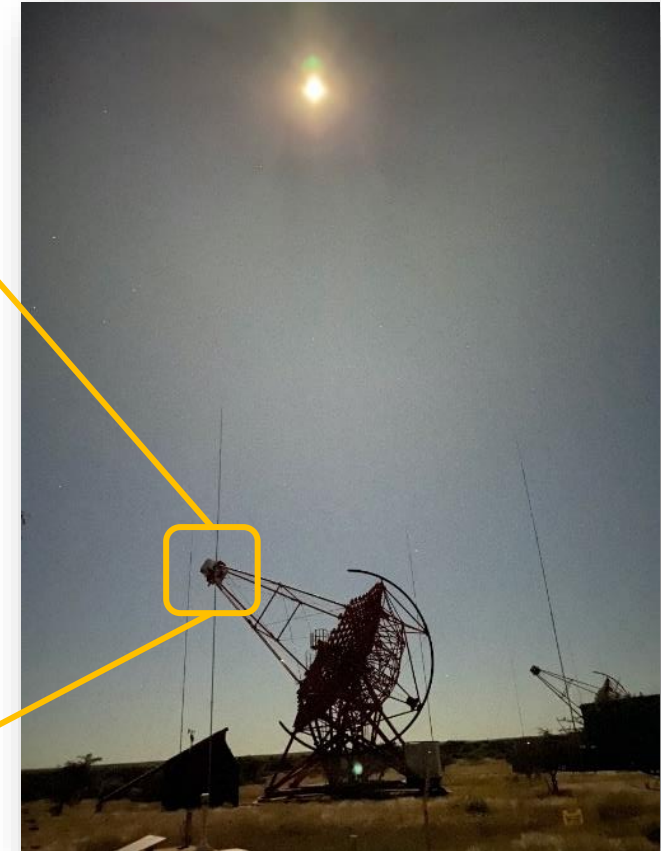
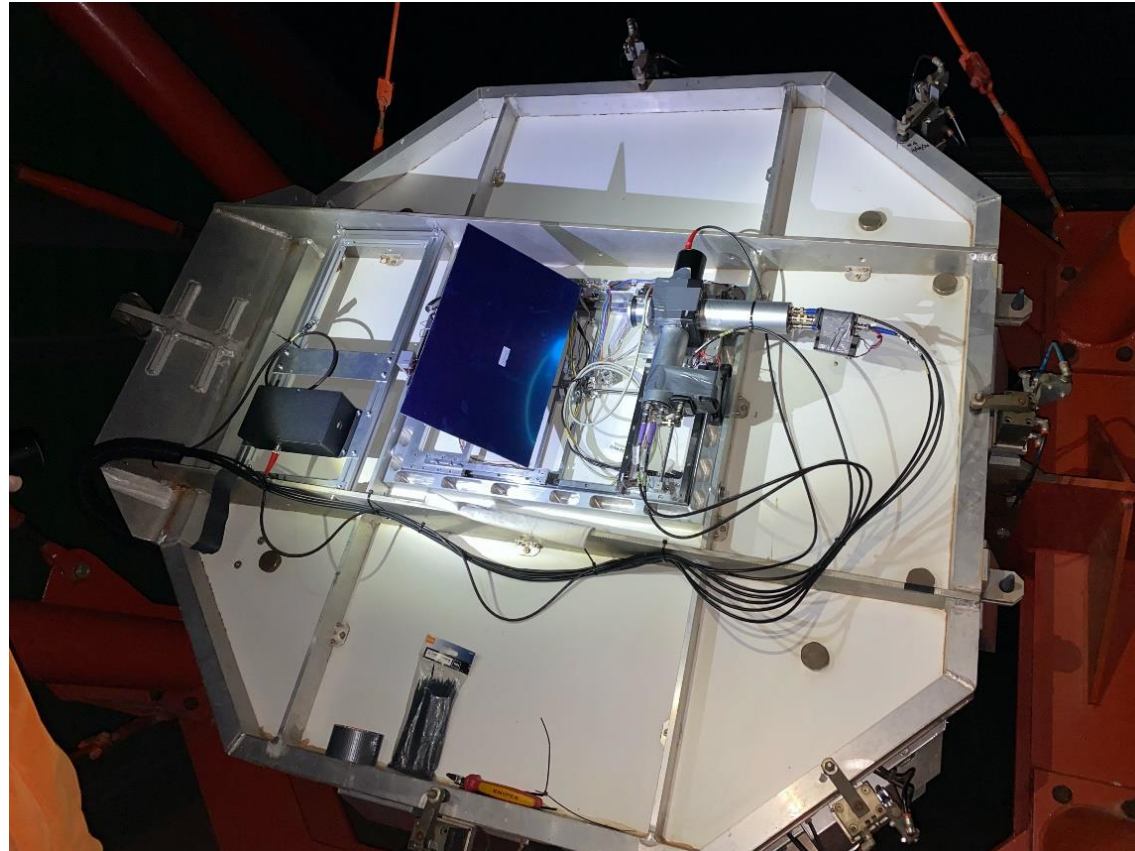
Stellar Intensity Interferometry with H.E.S.S.

Andreas Zmija
Erlangen, 2024-07-30

Something is going on under the moonlight

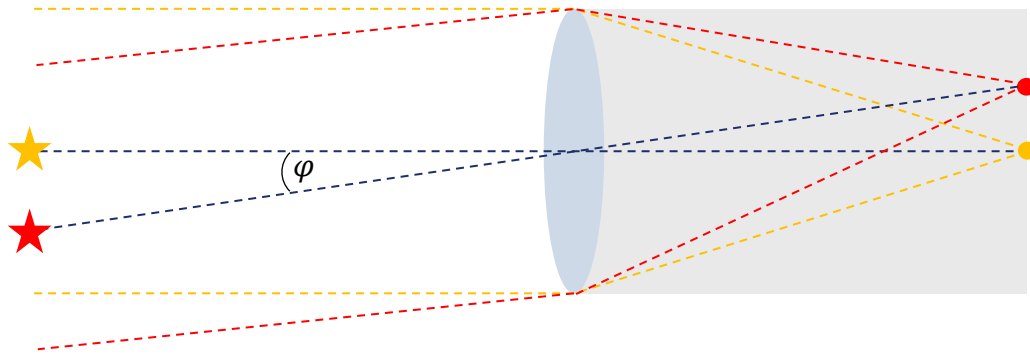


Something is going on under the moonlight



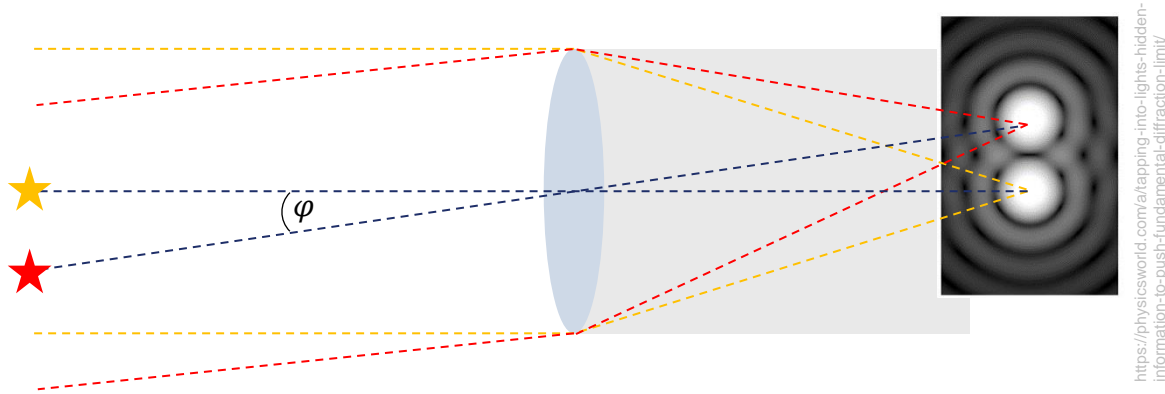
Boundaries of high-resolution Astronomy

- Angular resolution diffraction-limited by aperture size



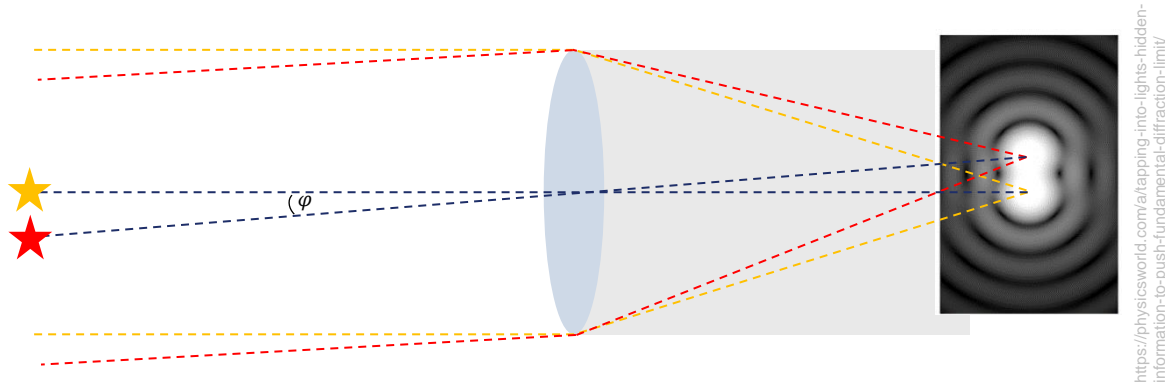
Boundaries of high-resolution Astronomy

- Angular resolution diffraction-limited by aperture size



Boundaries of high-resolution Astronomy

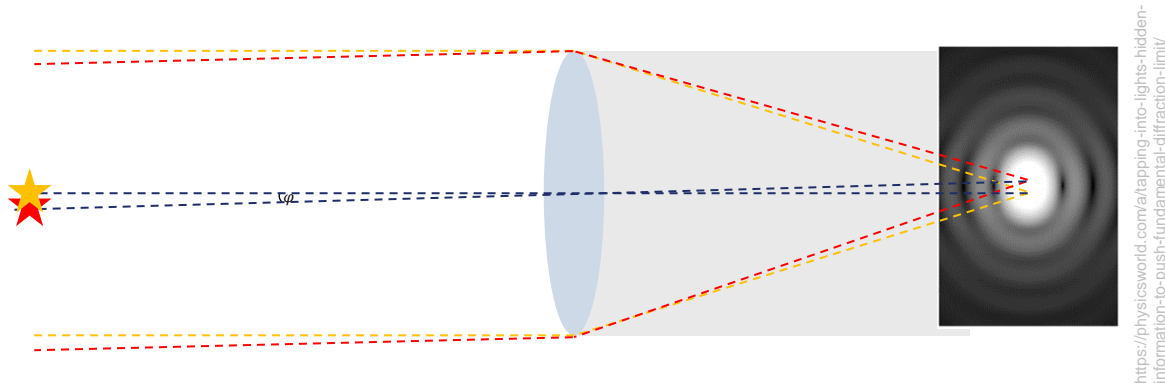
- Angular resolution diffraction-limited by aperture size



$$\varphi \approx 1.22 \lambda / D$$

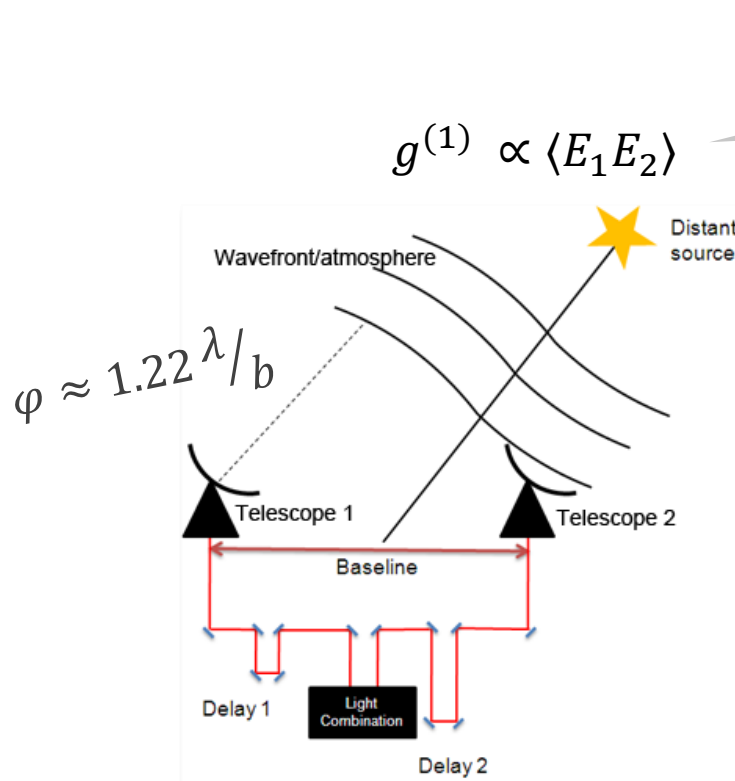
Boundaries of high-resolution Astronomy

- Angular resolution diffraction-limited by aperture size

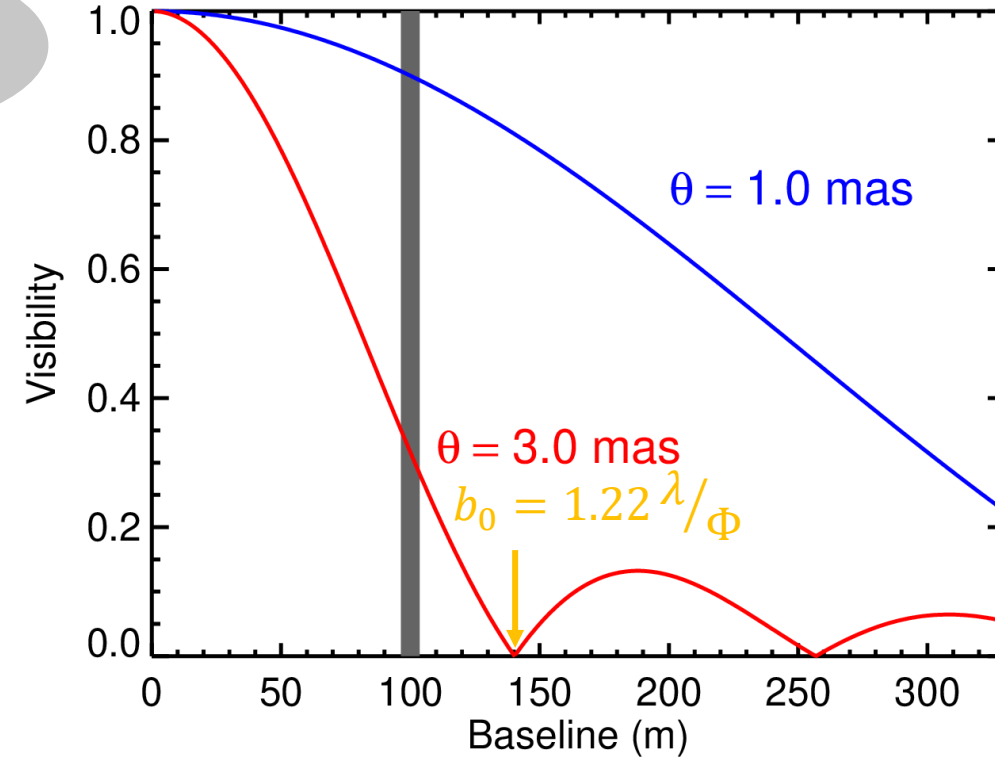


Boundaries of Interferometric Astronomy

- High resolutions typically achieved by amplitude interferometers
- Baseline limitations due to atmospheric turbulences and technical challenges



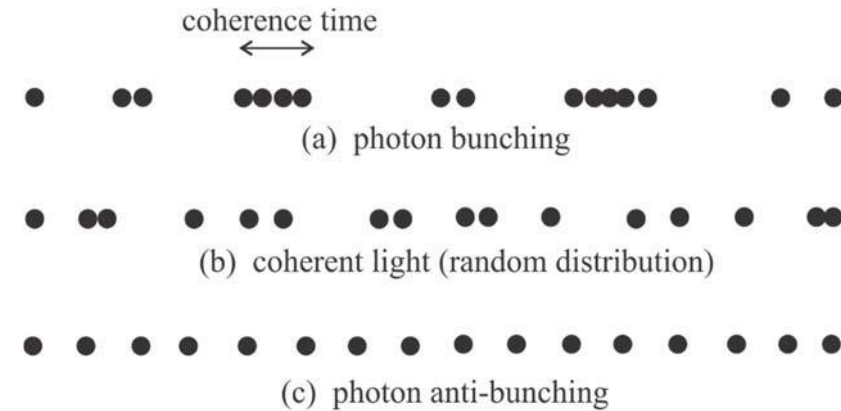
First order coherence



<https://www.chara.gsu.edu/public/basics-of-interferometry>

Coherence exists also at the photon level!

(in case of thermal emission)



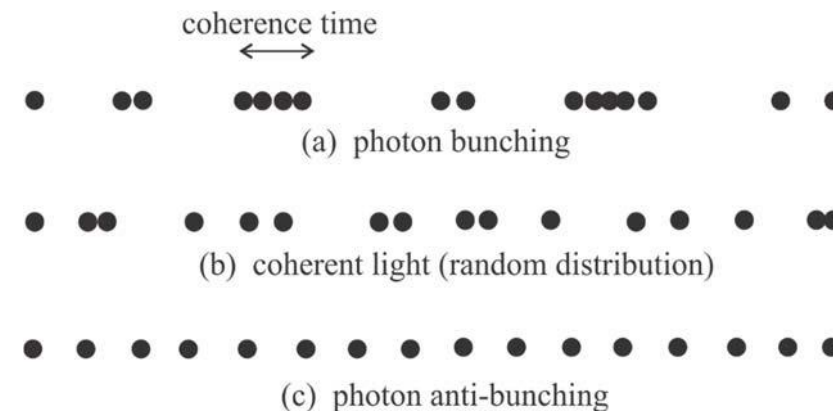
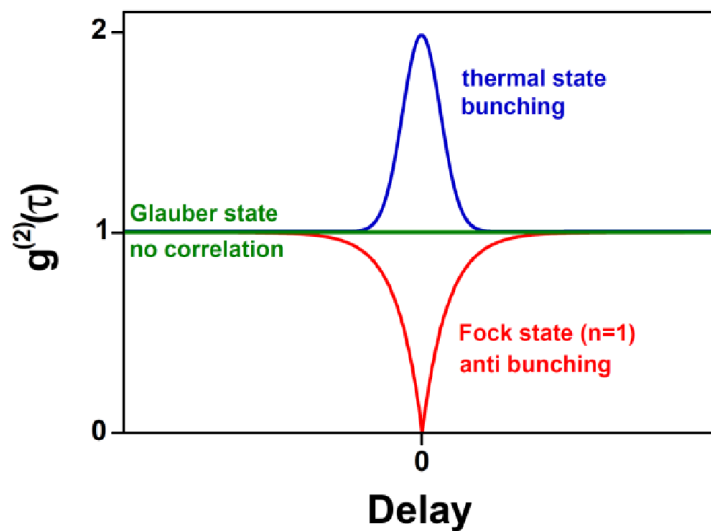
Luo Qi - Non-classical multi-photon light from clusters of colloidal quantum dots (2019)

Coherence exists also at the photon level!

(in case of thermal emission)

$$g^{(2)} \propto \langle I_1 I_2 \rangle$$

Second order coherence



Luo Qi - Non-classical multi-photon light from clusters of colloidal quantum dots (2019)

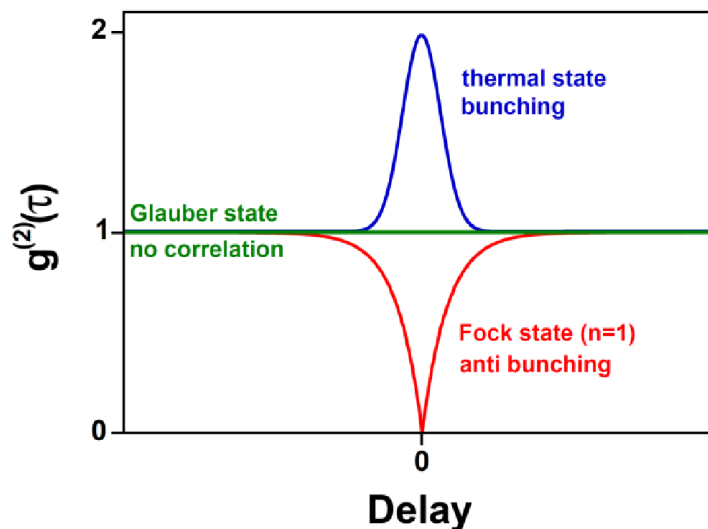
<https://www.kth.se/social/files/5cb1833856be5bf03c8165fa/Lecture%203%20Second-order%20Intensity%20Correlation%20Function.pdf>

Coherence exists also at the photon level!

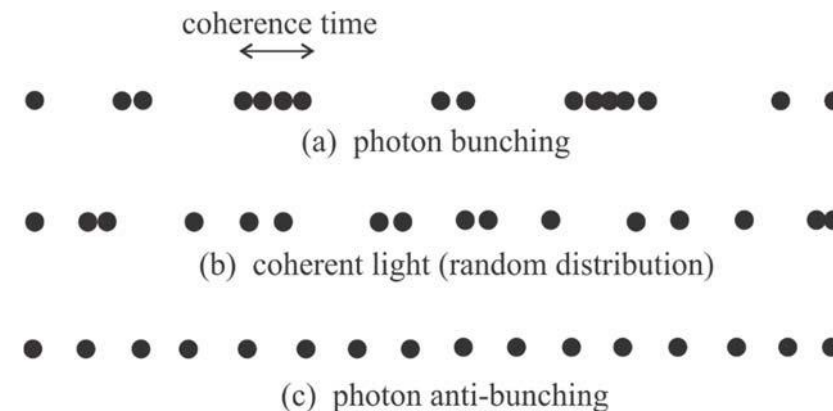
(in case of thermal emission)

$$g^{(2)} \propto \langle I_1 I_2 \rangle$$

Second order coherence

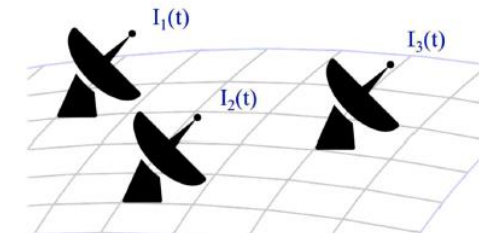


<https://www.kth.se/social/files/5cb1833856be5bf03c8165fa/Lecture%203%20Second-order%20Intensity%20Correlation%20Function.pdf>



Luo Qi - Non-classical multi-photon light from clusters of colloidal quantum dots (2019)

- Photon bunching can be observed between multiple photon-counting telescopes



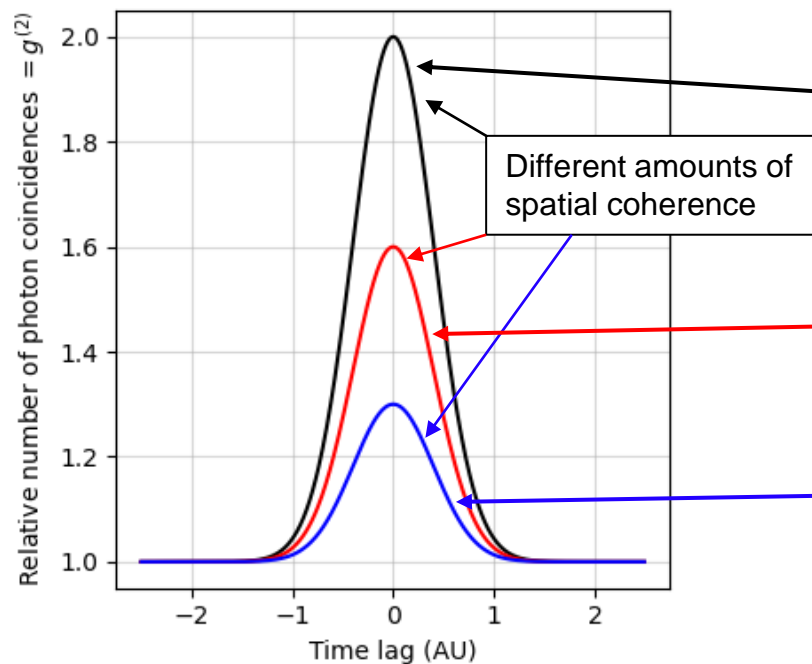
Dravins, Dainis, and Colin Carlife. "Kilometer-baseline optical intensity interferometry for stellar surface observations."

Coherence exists also at the photon level!

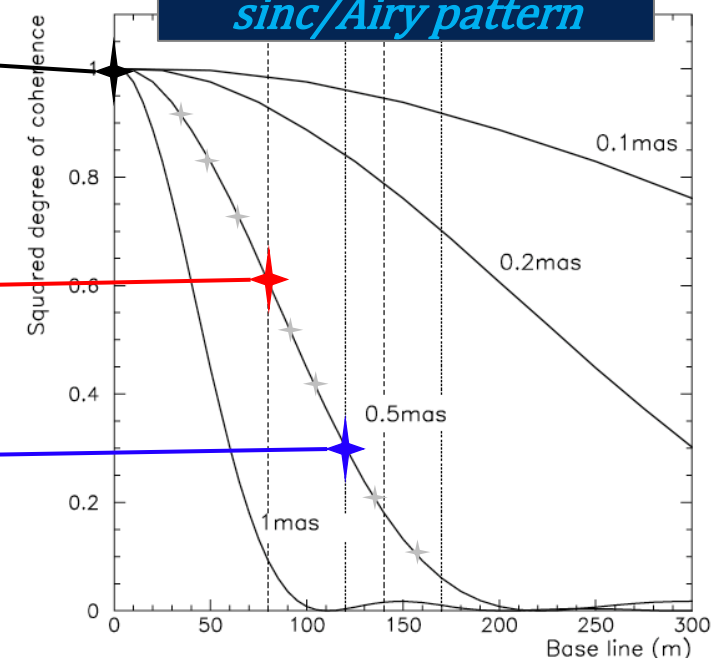
(in case of thermal emission)

$$g^{(2)} \propto \langle I_1 I_2 \rangle$$

Second order coherence

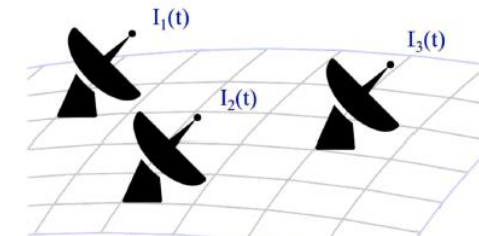


Circular object: sinc/Airy pattern



S. Le Bohec and J. Holder. „Optical intensity interferometry with atmospheric Cherenkov telescope arrays“

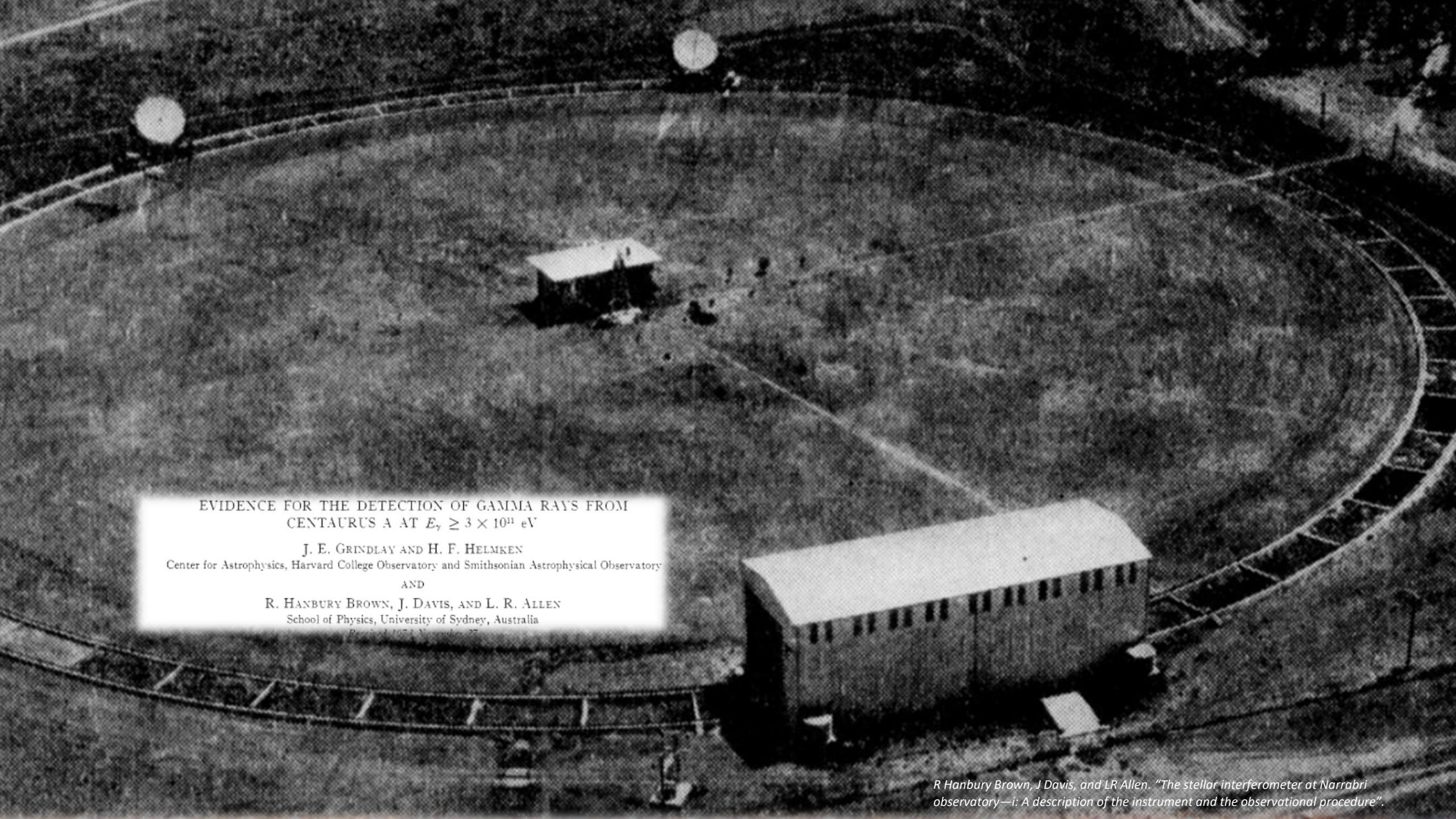
- Photon bunching can be observed between multiple photon-counting telescopes
- Height of the bunching peak = Intensity interferometry visibility
- Works at large baselines and through turbulent atmosphere!
- Telescopes preferably large, but no very high time resolutions or very good optical qualities required



Dravins, Dainis, and Colin Carlife. "Kilometer-baseline optical intensity interferometry for stellar surface observations."



How
about this
one?



EVIDENCE FOR THE DETECTION OF GAMMA RAYS FROM
CENTAURUS A AT $E_\gamma \geq 3 \times 10^{11}$ eV

J. E. GRINDLAY AND H. F. HELMKEN

Center for Astrophysics, Harvard College Observatory and Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory

AND

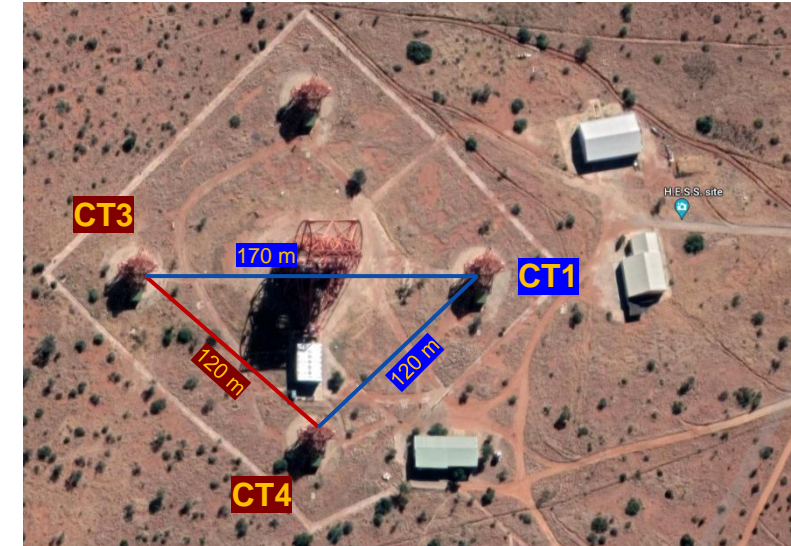
R. HANBURY BROWN, J. DAVIS, AND L. R. ALLEN

School of Physics, University of Sydney, Australia

Received 1974 November 27

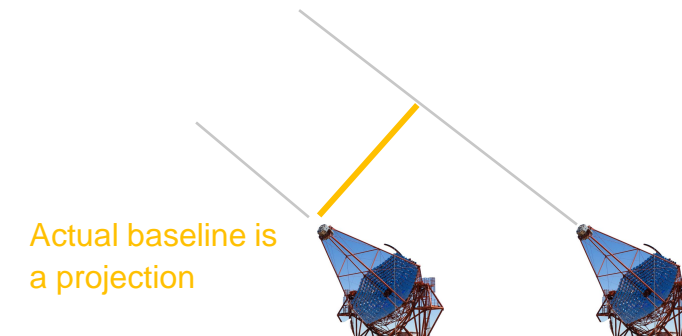
How to implement Intensity Interferometry to H.E.S.S.

Telescope selection



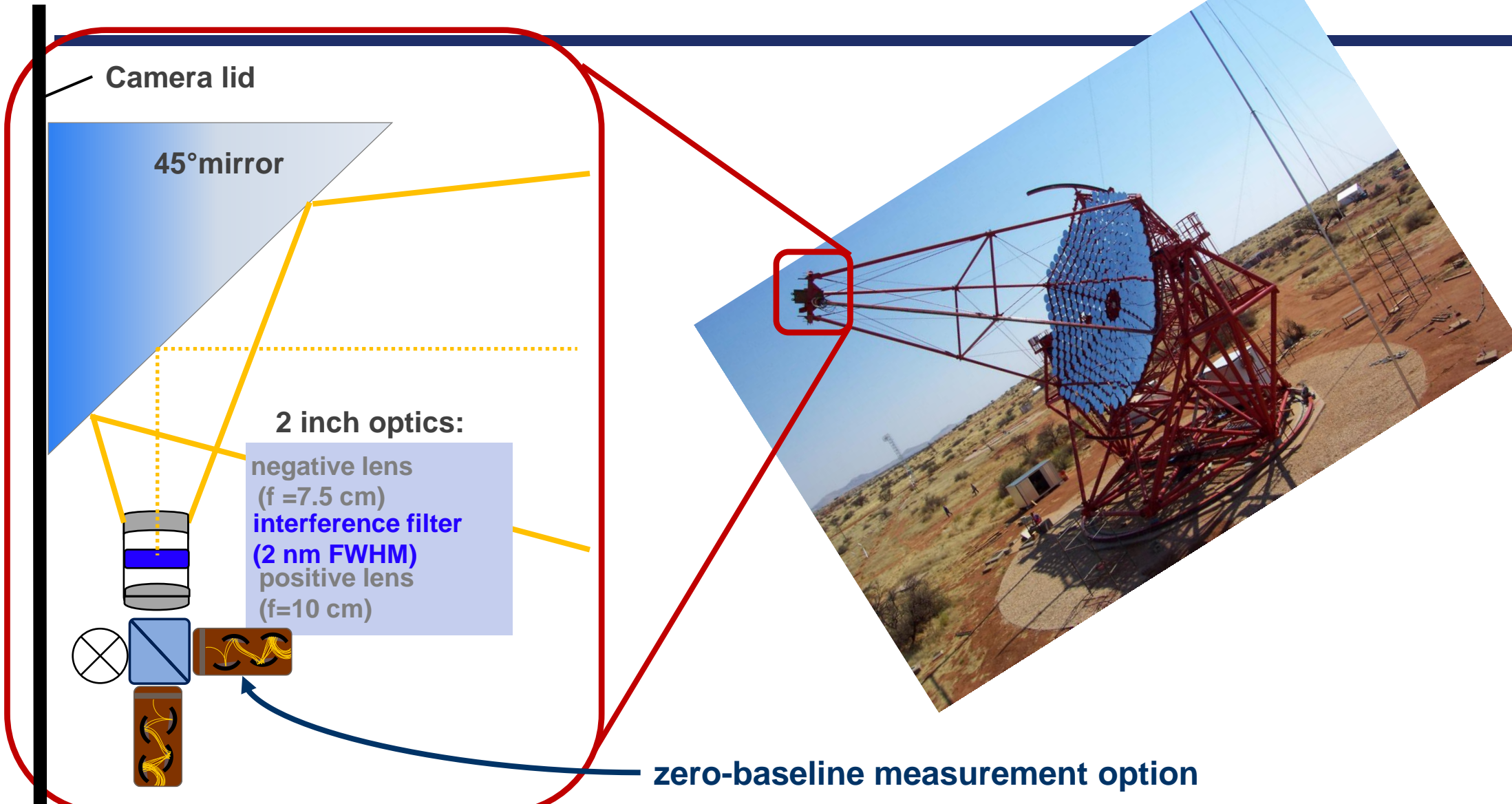
2022 April 8 to April 23

2023 April 25 to May 12



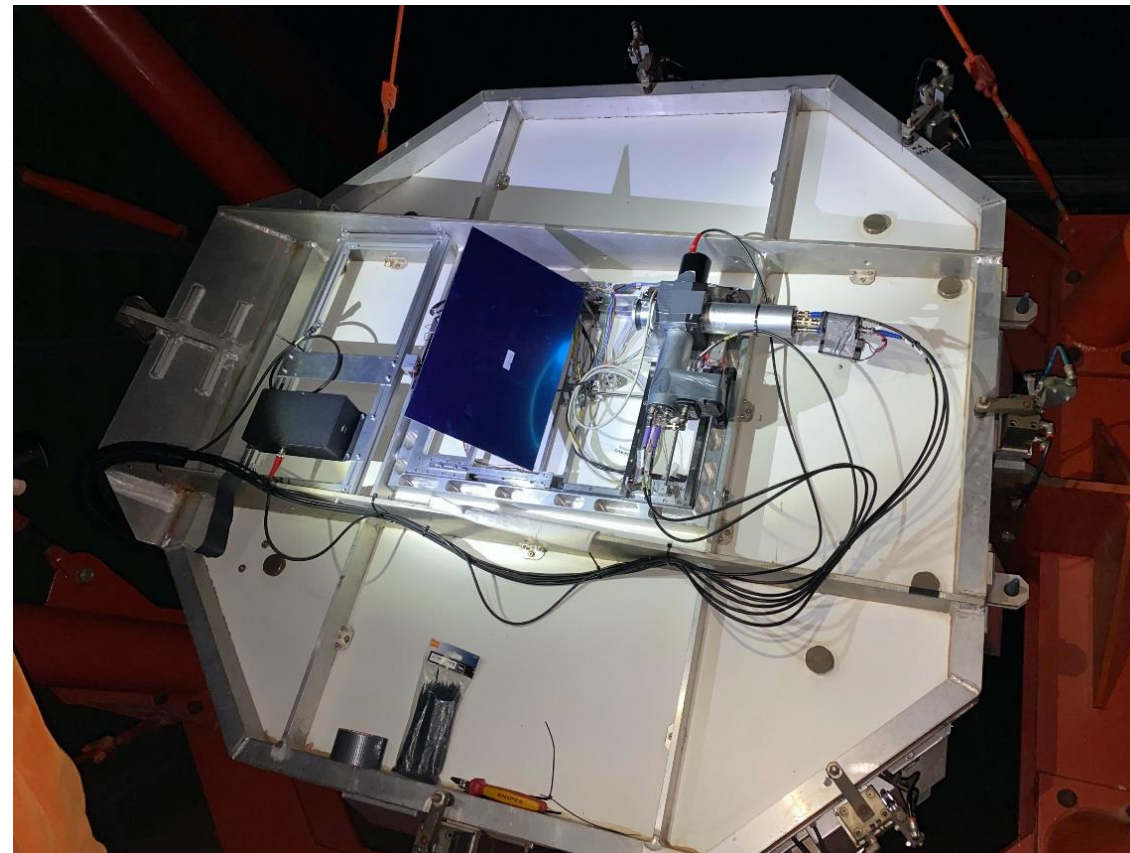
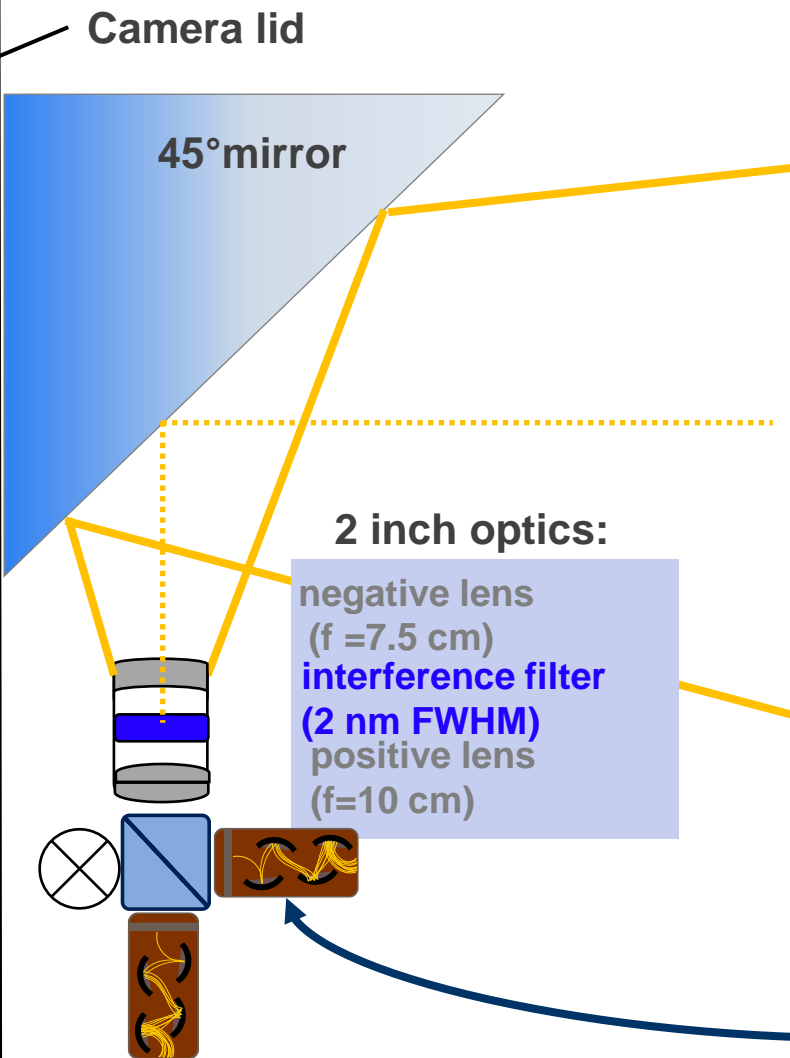
Implementation into H.E.S.S.

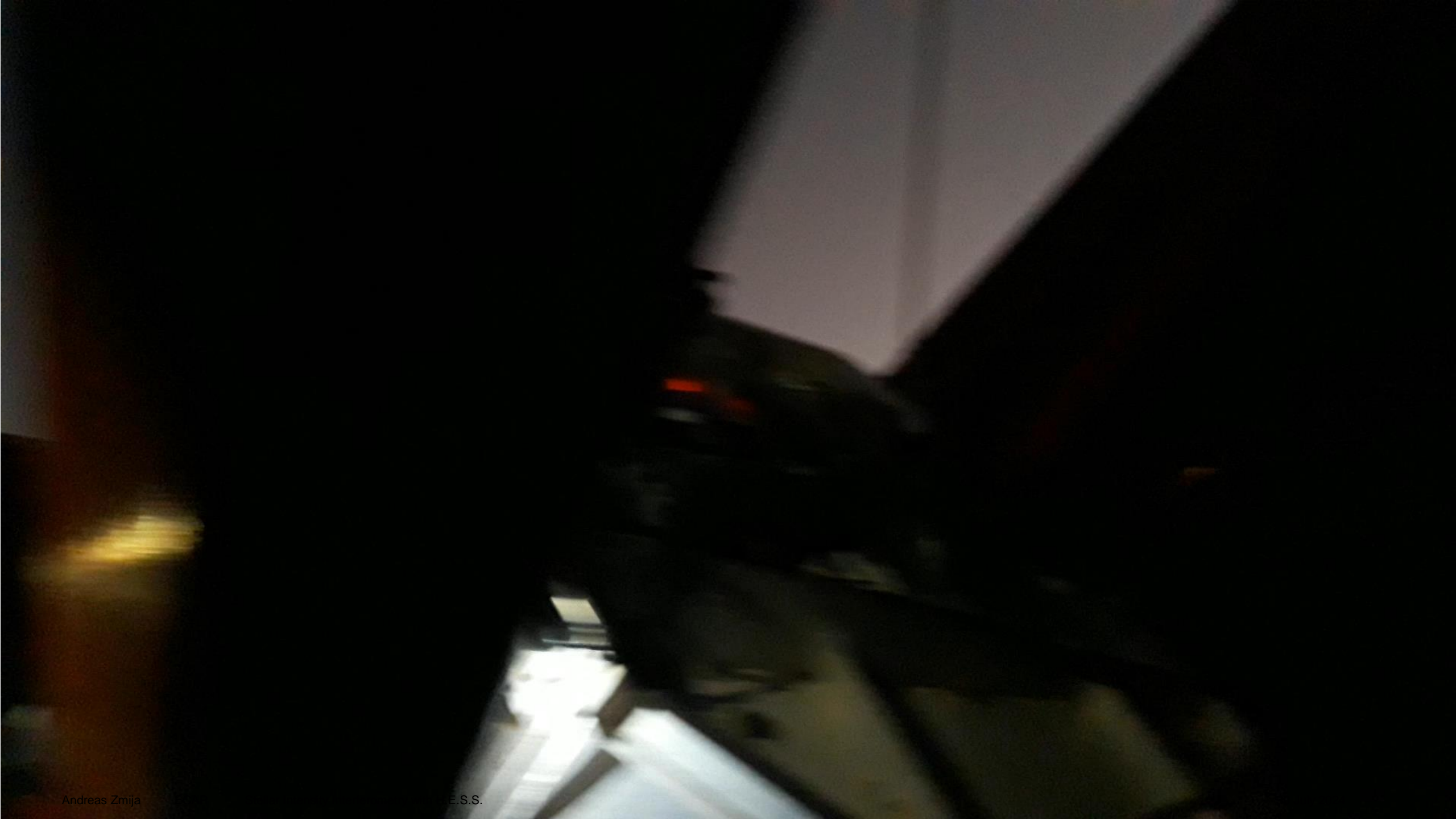
Opto-mechanical setup



Implementation into H.E.S.S.

Opto-mechanical setup

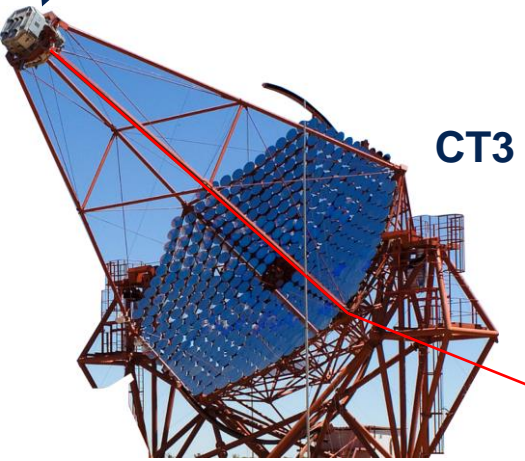
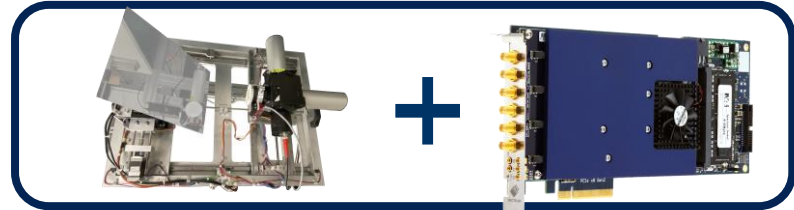
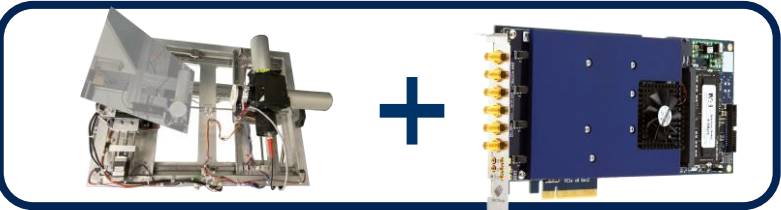
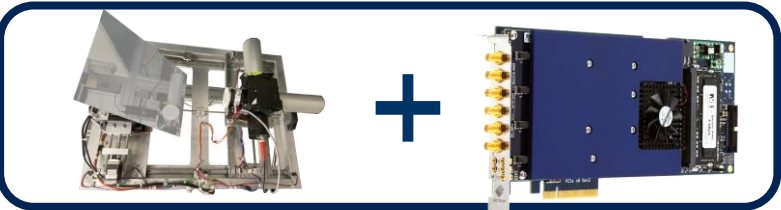




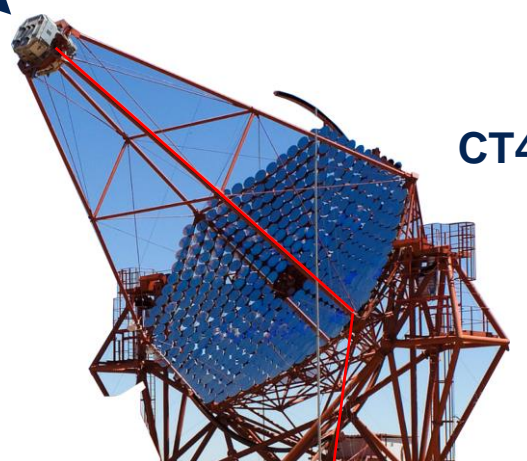
2nd H.E.S.S. campaign

Measurement Setup – 3 telescopes

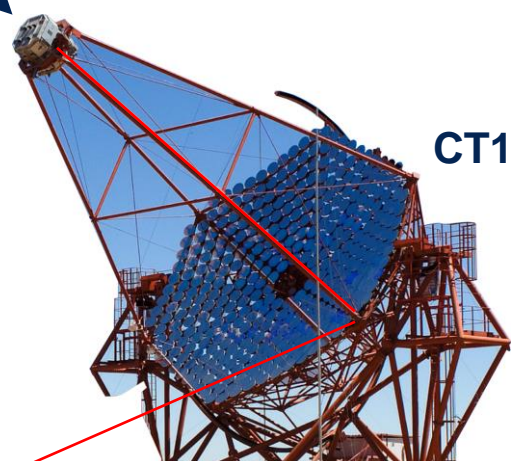
Setup + digitizer



CT3



CT4



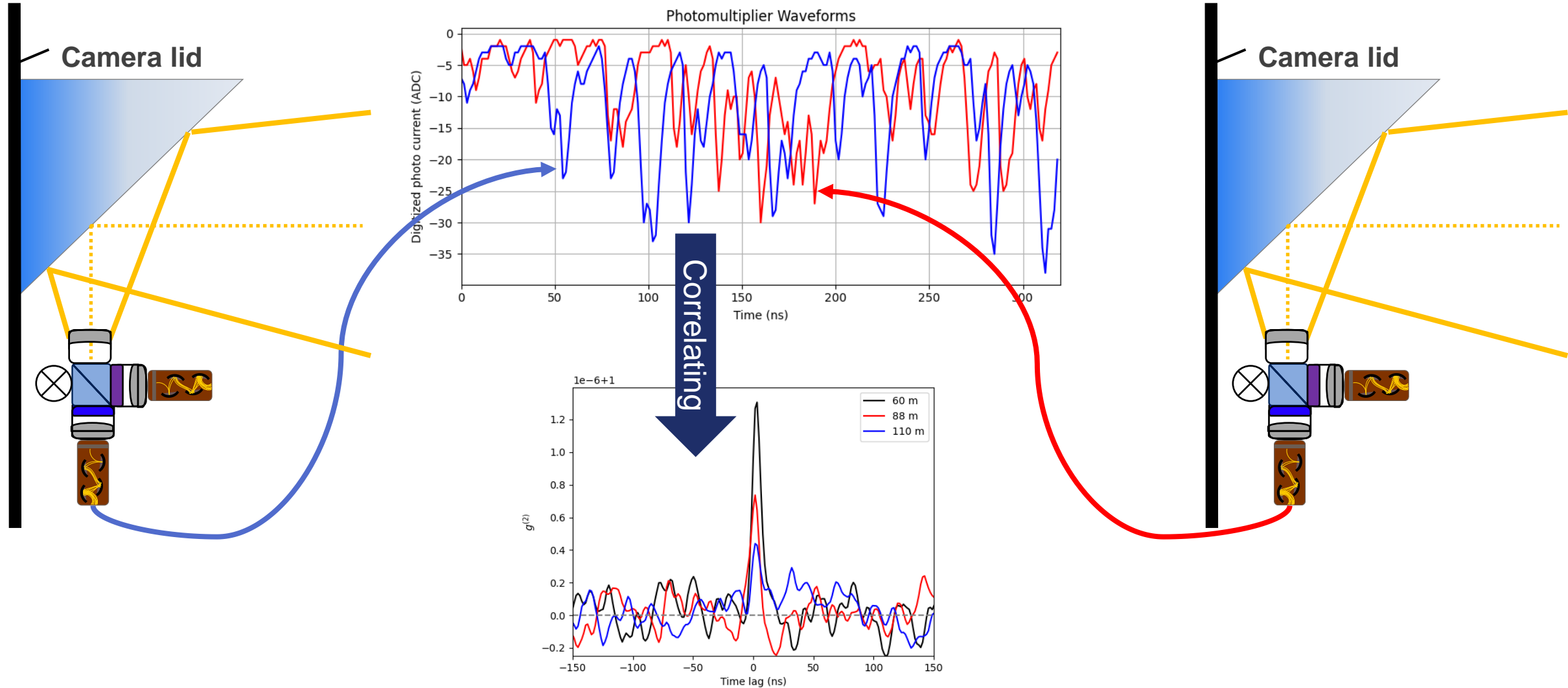
CT1

Workstation

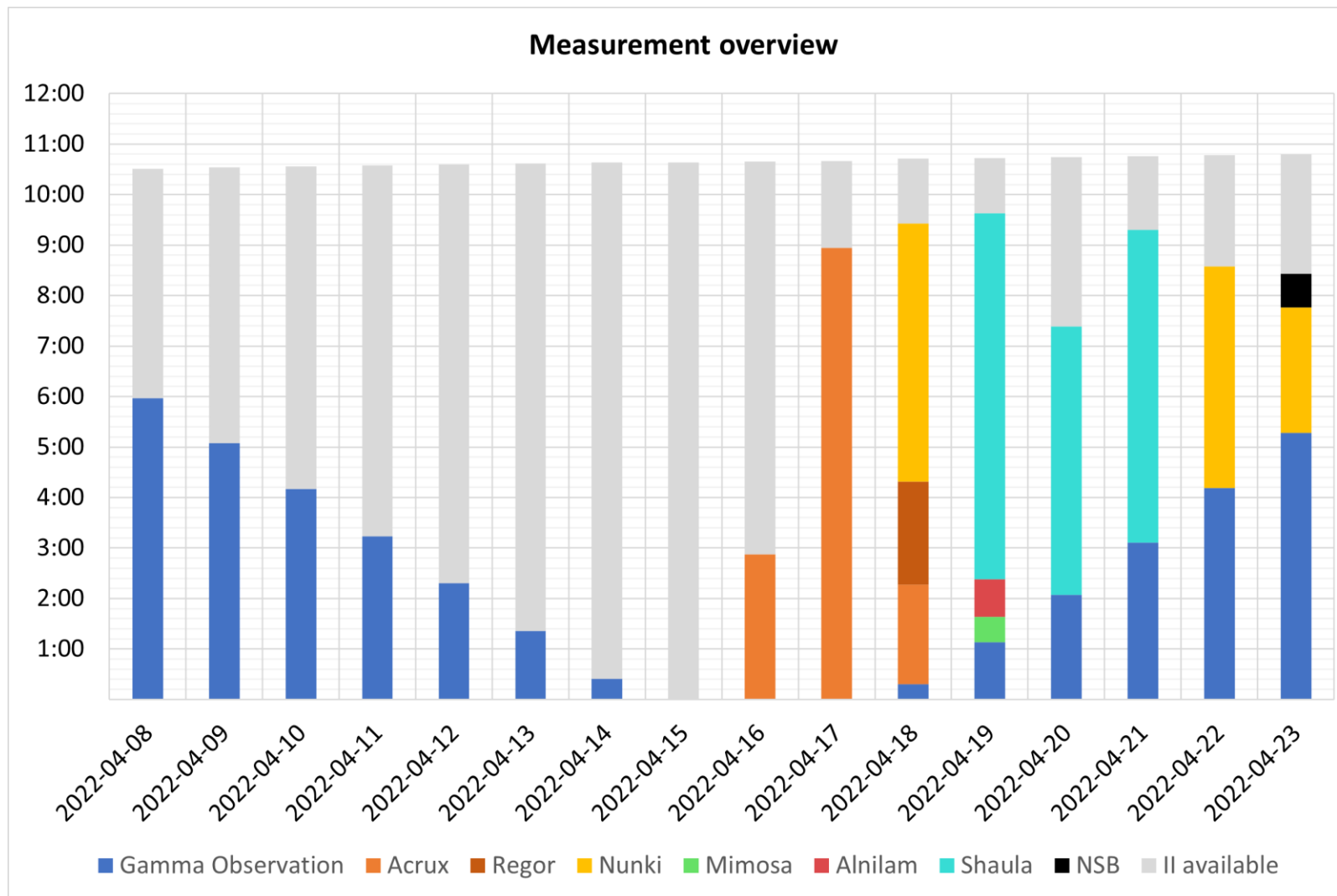
- Digitize in focal plane
- Offline correlation and analysis after measurement

2nd H.E.S.S. campaign

Auto correlation Shaula



Measurements during bright moon times



The ECAP SII Southern Sky Survey

Dschubba ○
2.2 mag

Eta Centauri ○
2.2 mag

Mimosa ○
1.2 mag

Acrux ○
0.6 mag

Shaula ○
1.5 mag

Gamma Velorum ○
1.8 mag

Nunki ○
2.0 mag



The ECAP SII Southern Sky Survey

Dschubba ○
2.2 mag
(binary)

Eta Centauri
○ 2.2 mag

Mimosa
1.2 mag ○

Acrux
0.6 mag
(multiple stars)

Shaula ○
1.5 mag
(binary)

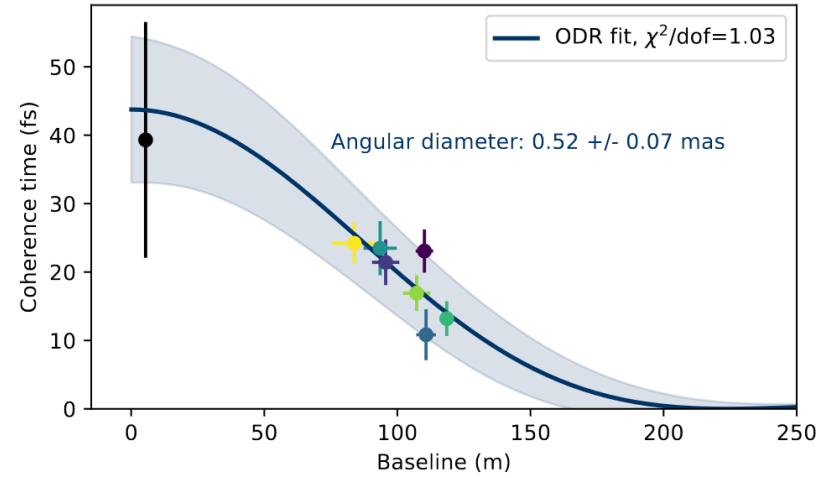
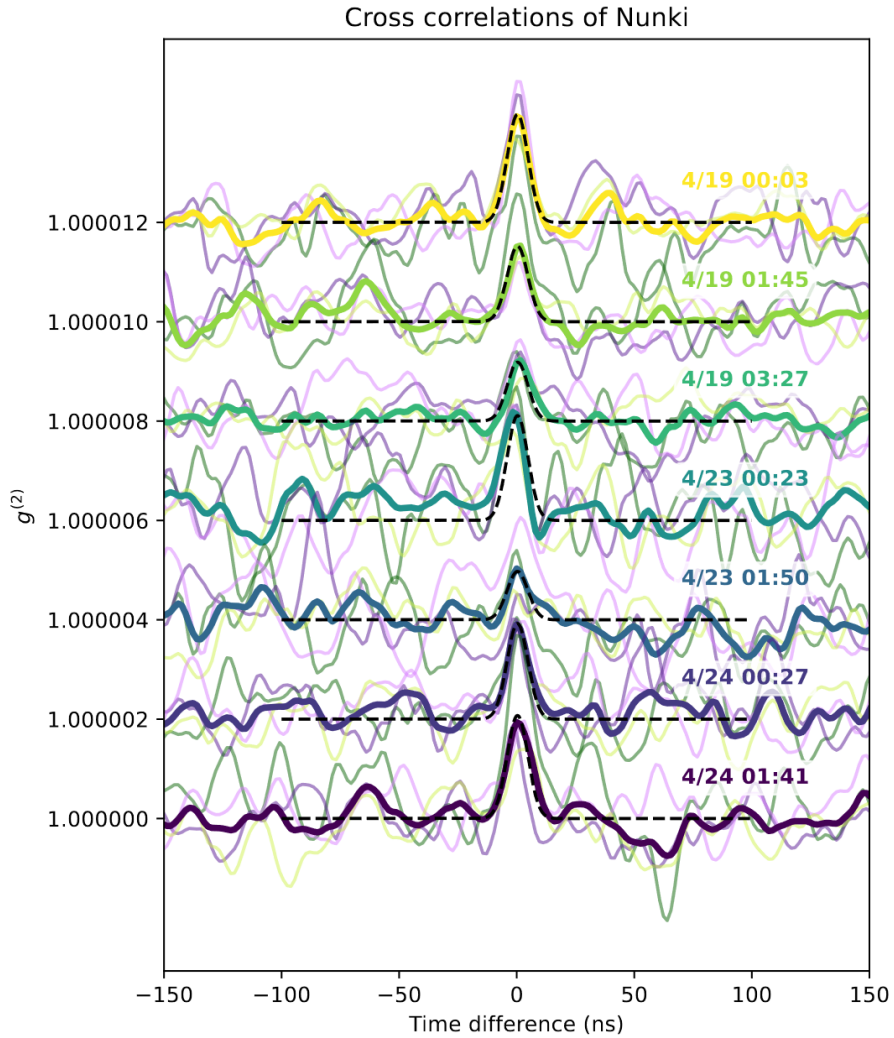
○ Nunki
2.0 mag

○ Gamma Velorum
1.8 mag
(fancy binary)

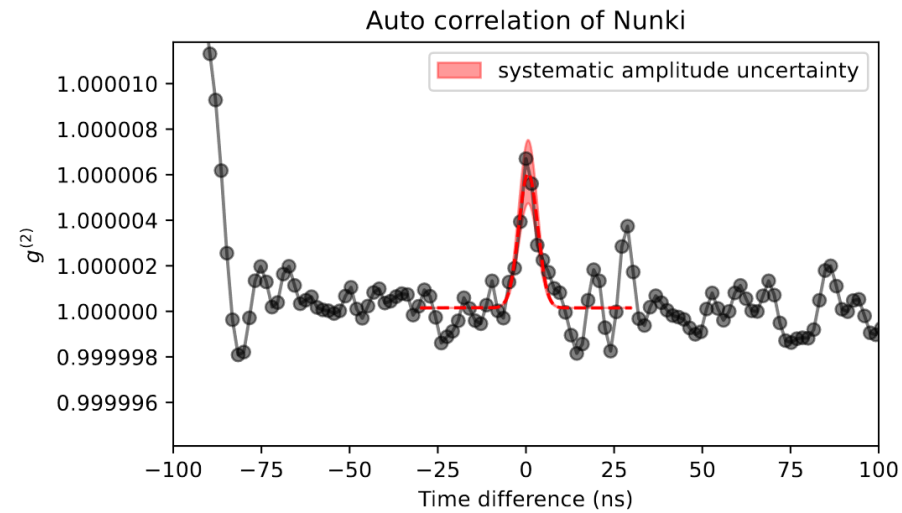
Results **2022**

2022 Results

Spatial correlations of Nunki



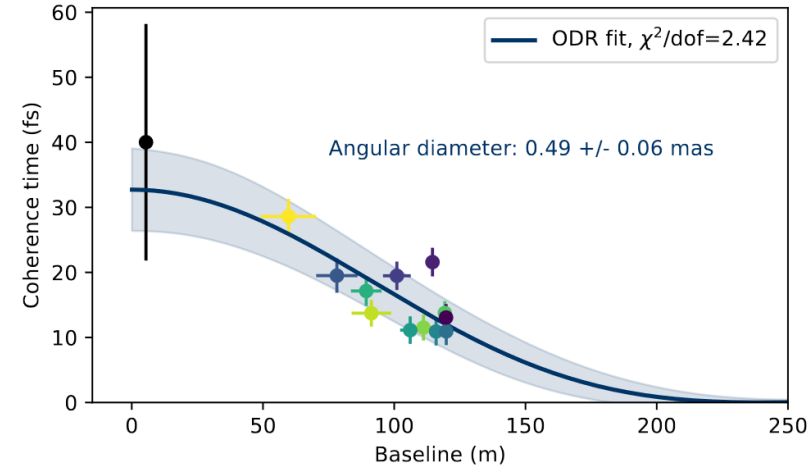
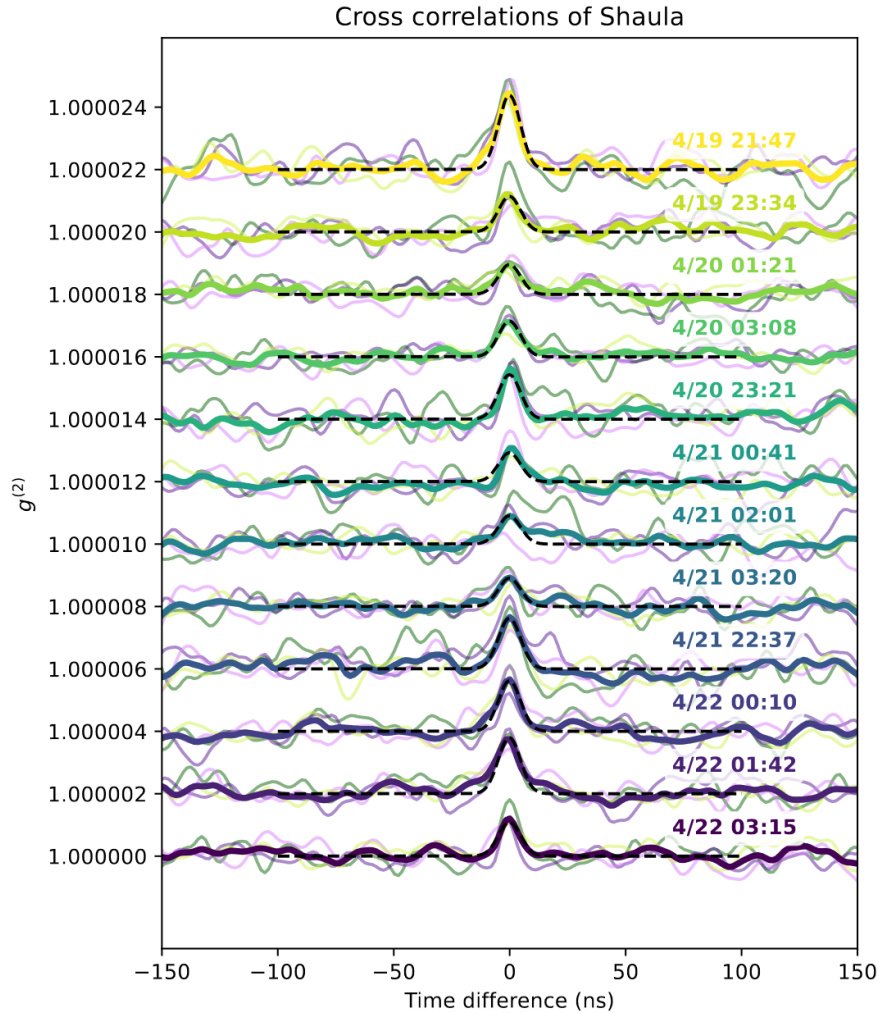
Literature values e.g.
0.68 mas
(Underhill, IR photometry)



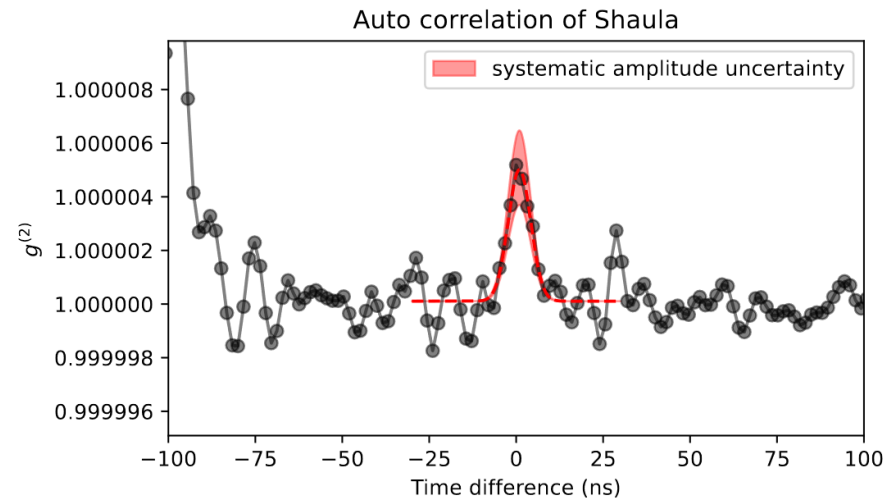
Zmija et al. (2023) - „First intensity interferometry measurements with the H.E.S.S. telescopes.“

2022 Results

Spatial correlations of Nunki



Literature values e.g.
 0.43 ± 0.14 mas

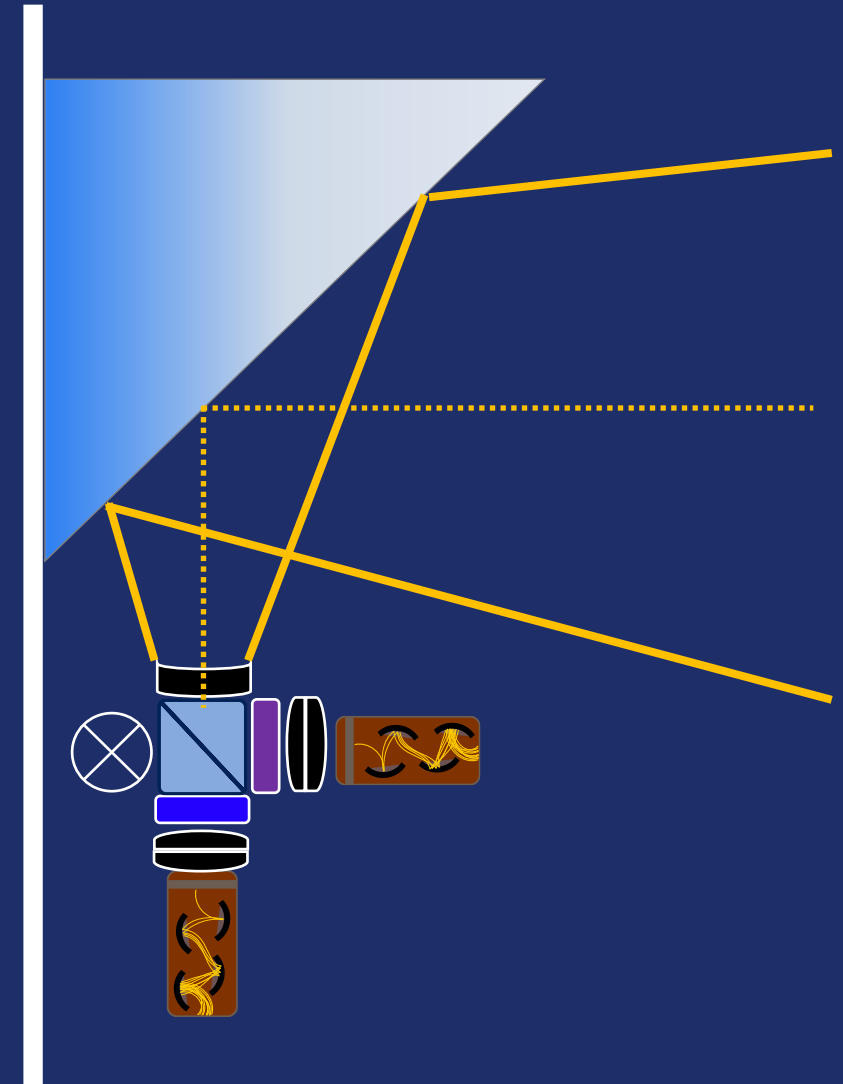
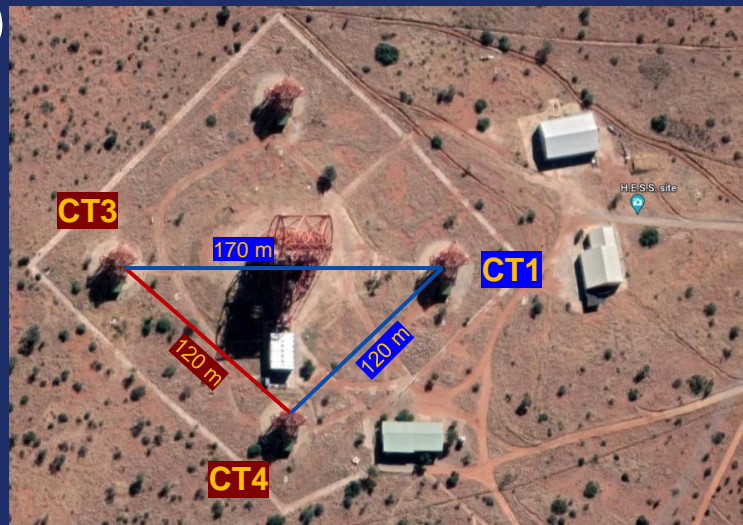


Zmija et. al. (2023) - „First intensity interferometry measurements with the H.E.S.S. telescopes.“

Results **2023**

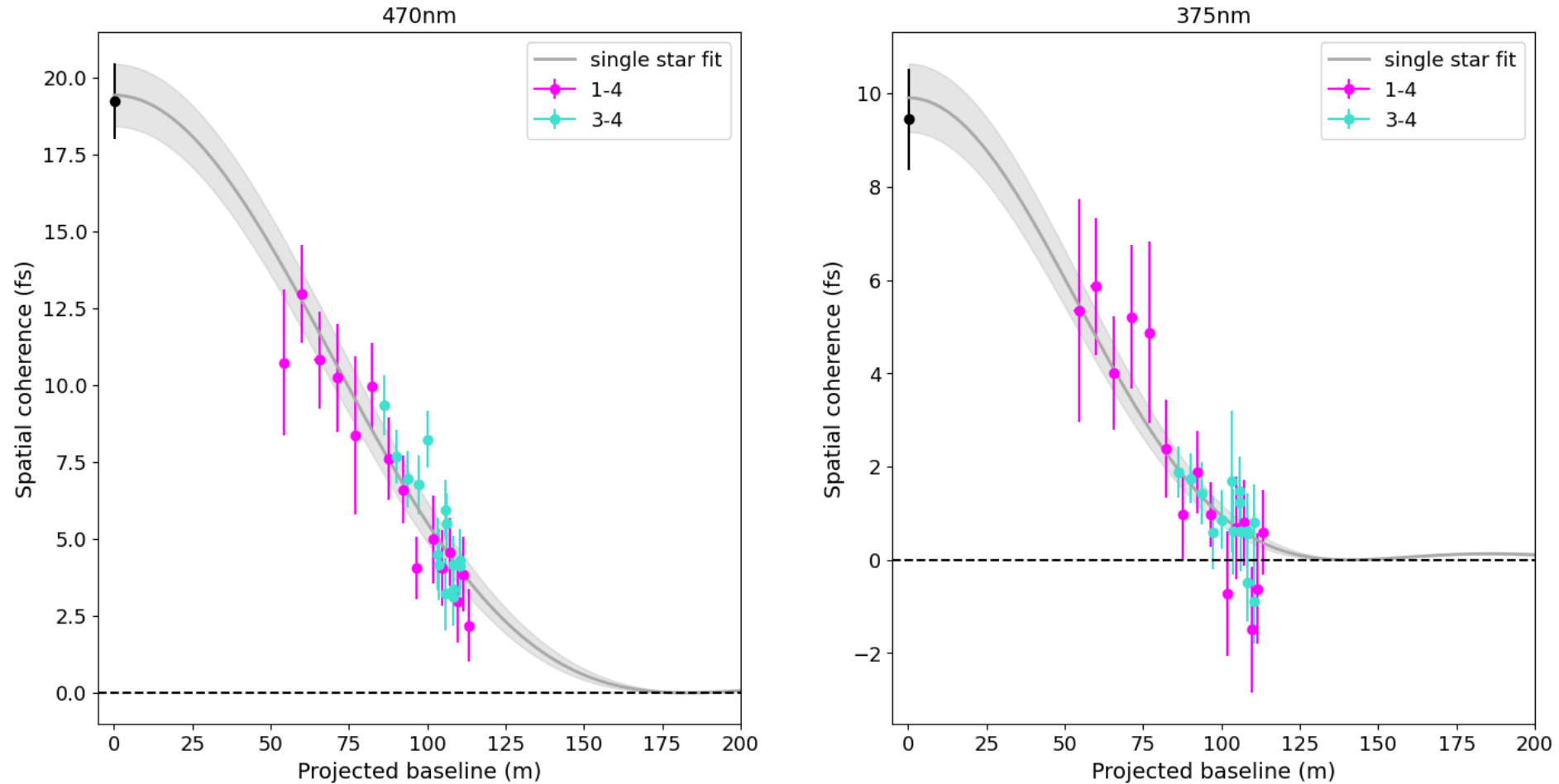
Dual color measurements

(and three telescopes)



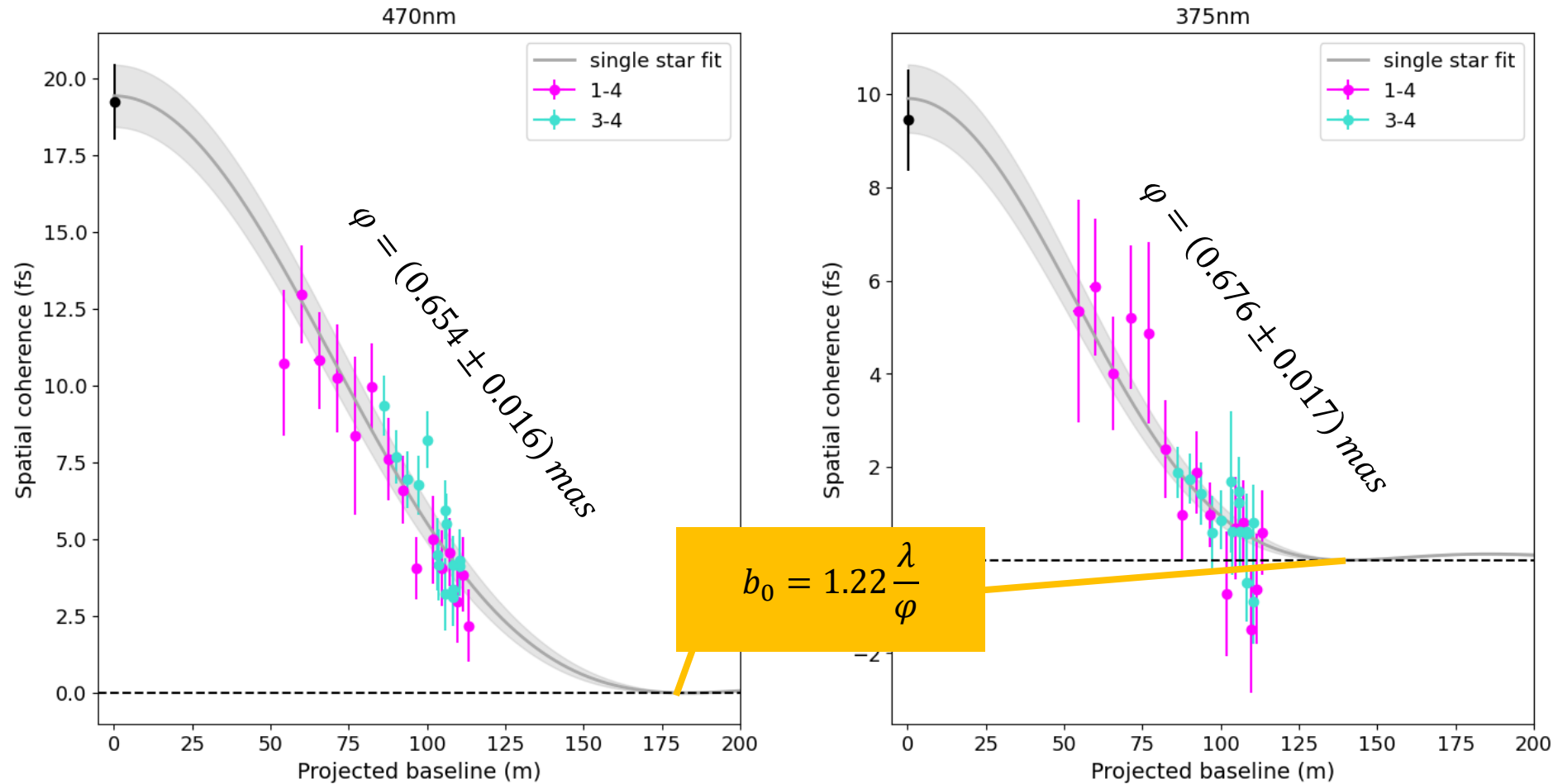
Visibility curves in two colors

Spatial coherence of Mimosa



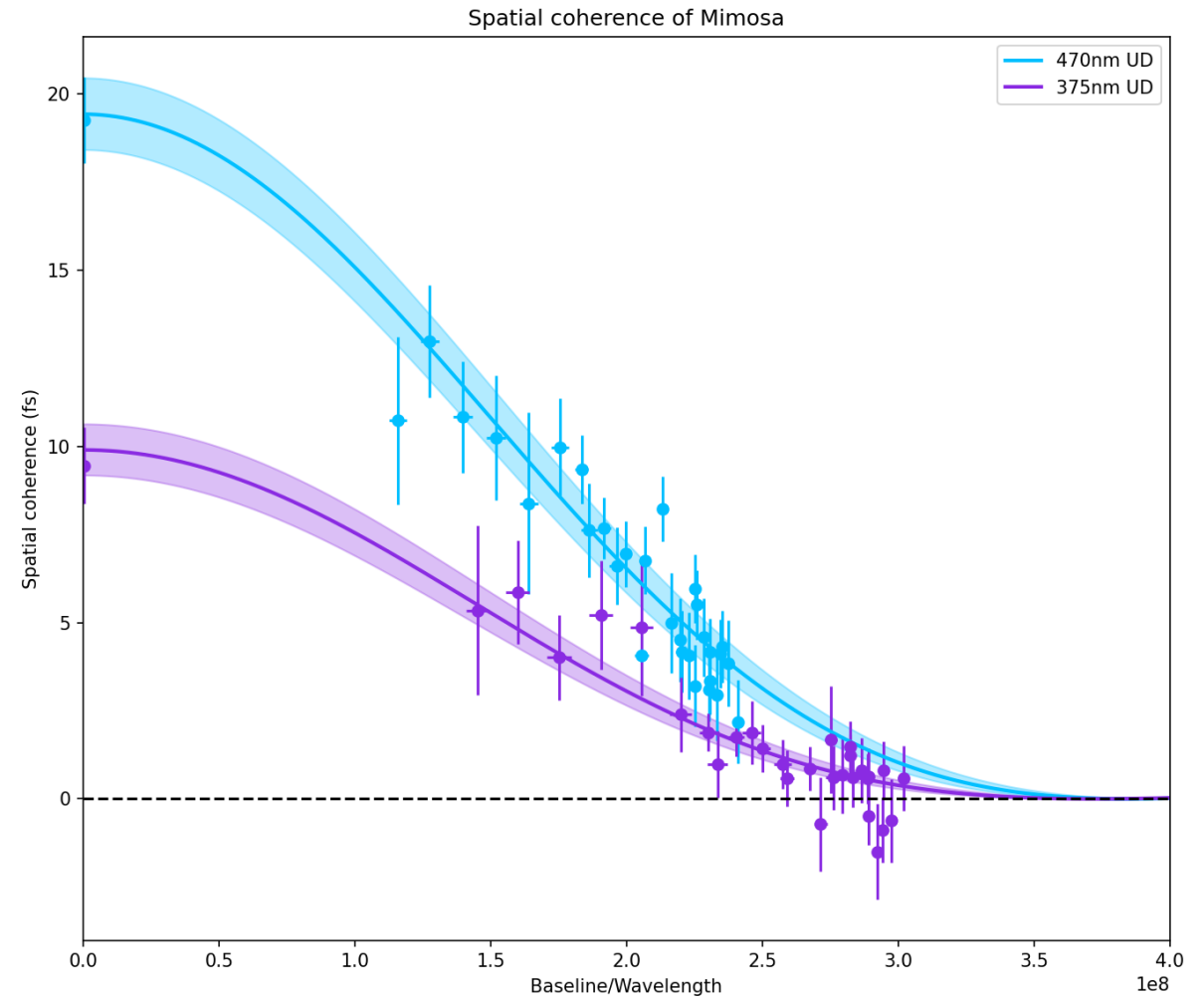
Visibility curves in two colors

Spatial coherence of Mimosa



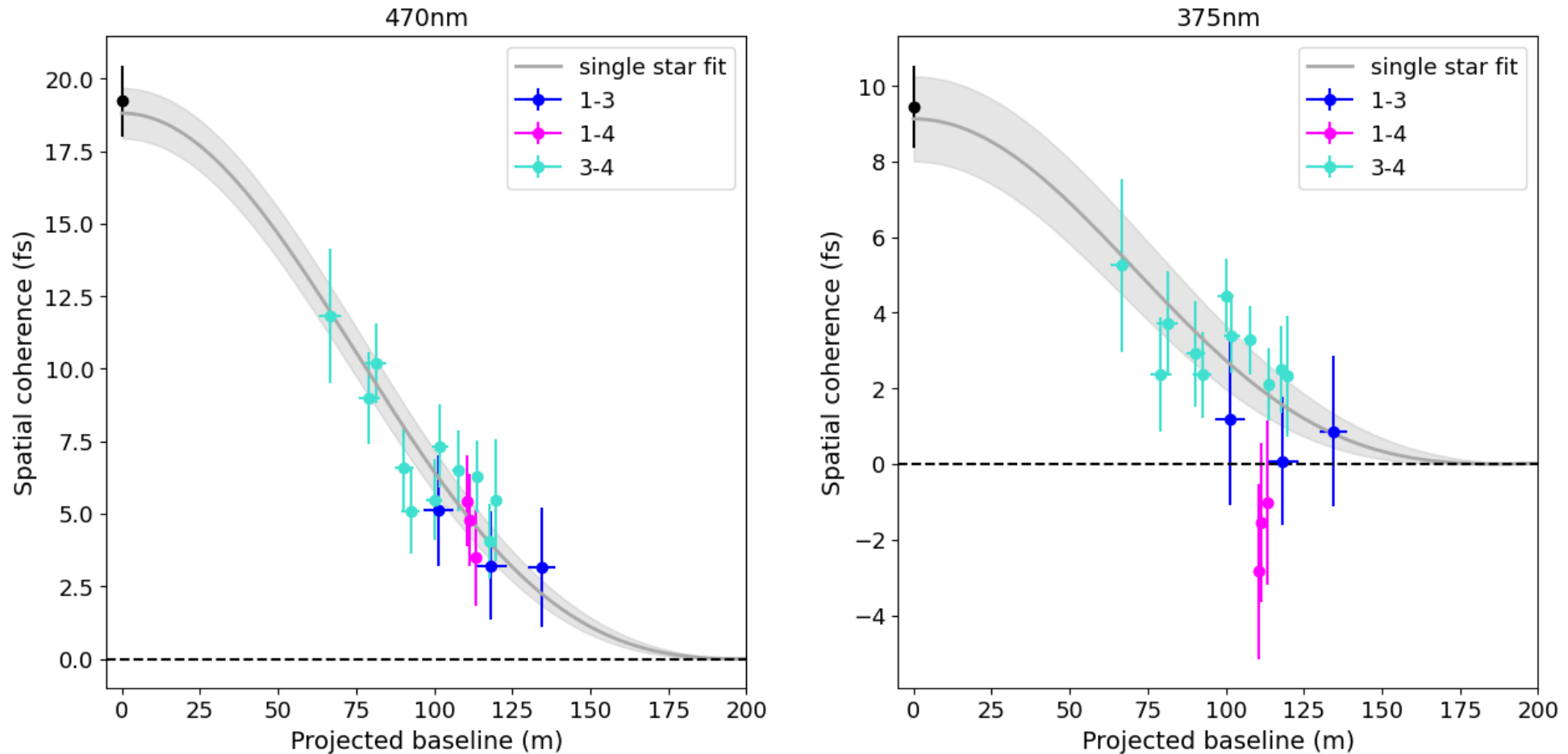
Visibility curves in two colors

- Spatial coherence scales linearly with wavelength
- Two colors effectively extend baseline range

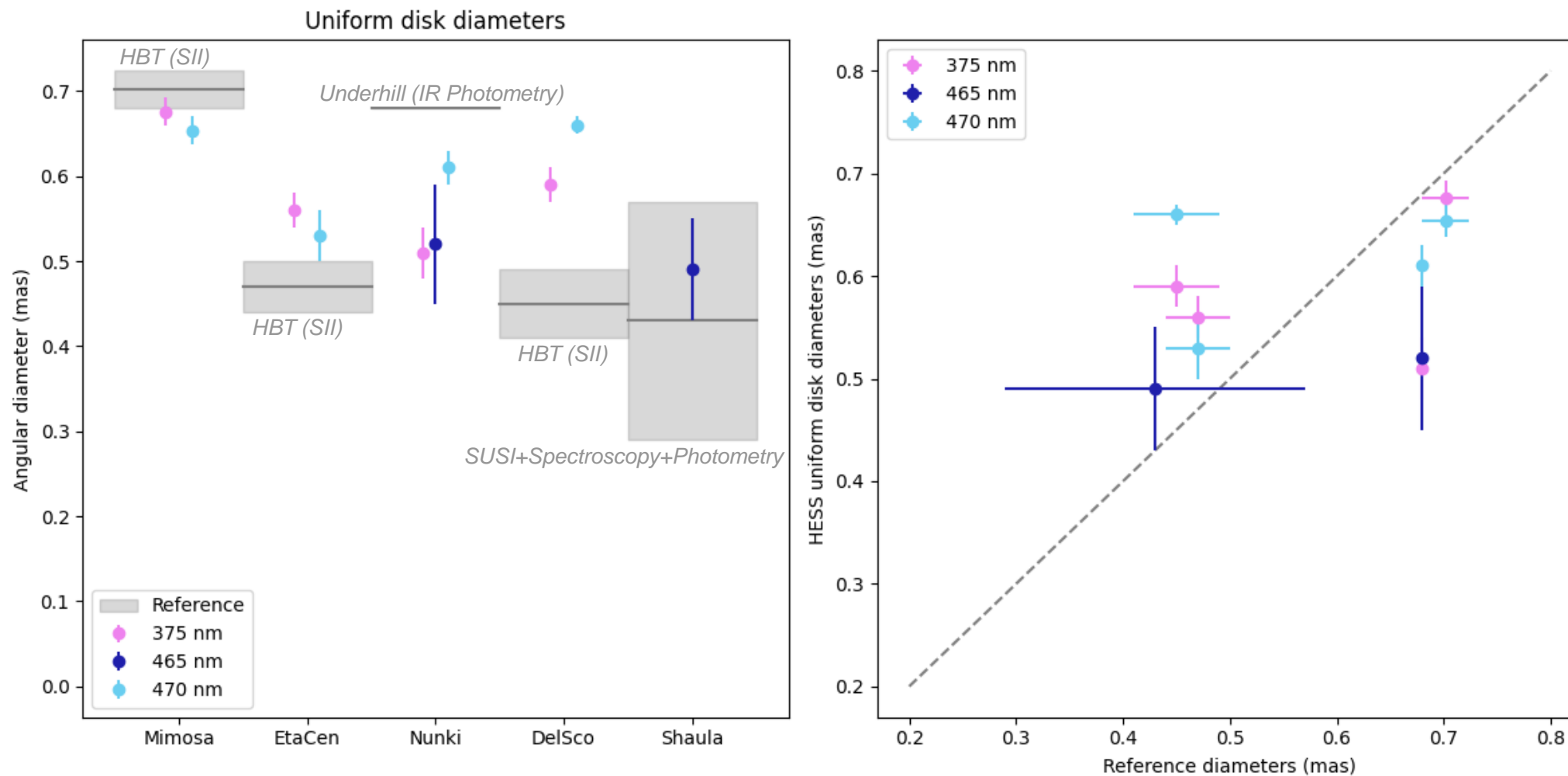


Visibility curves in two colors

Spatial coherence of Nunki



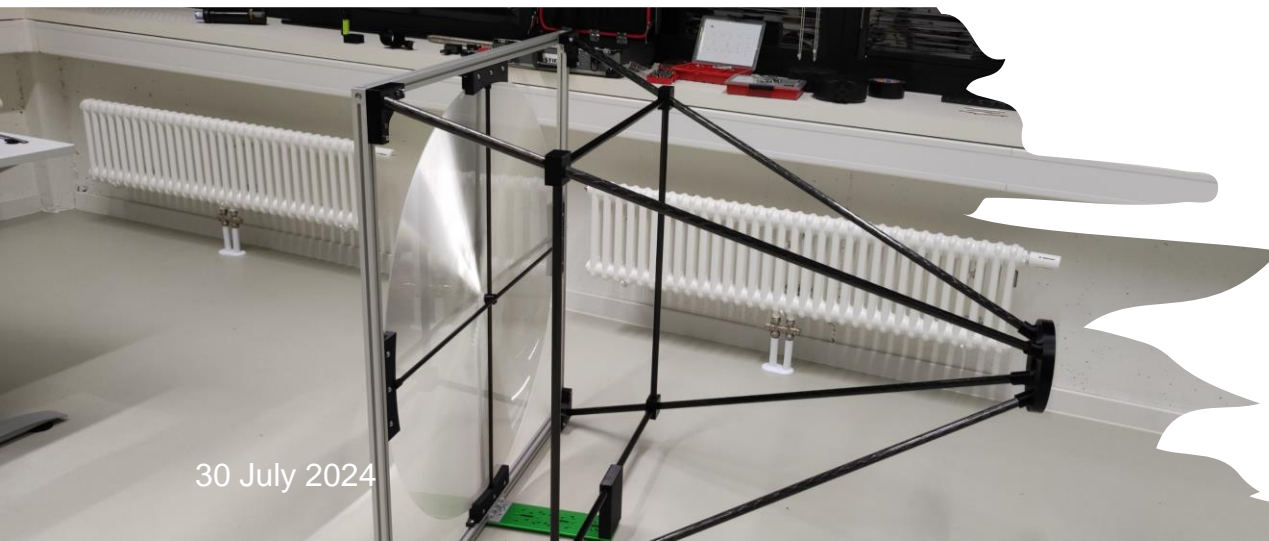
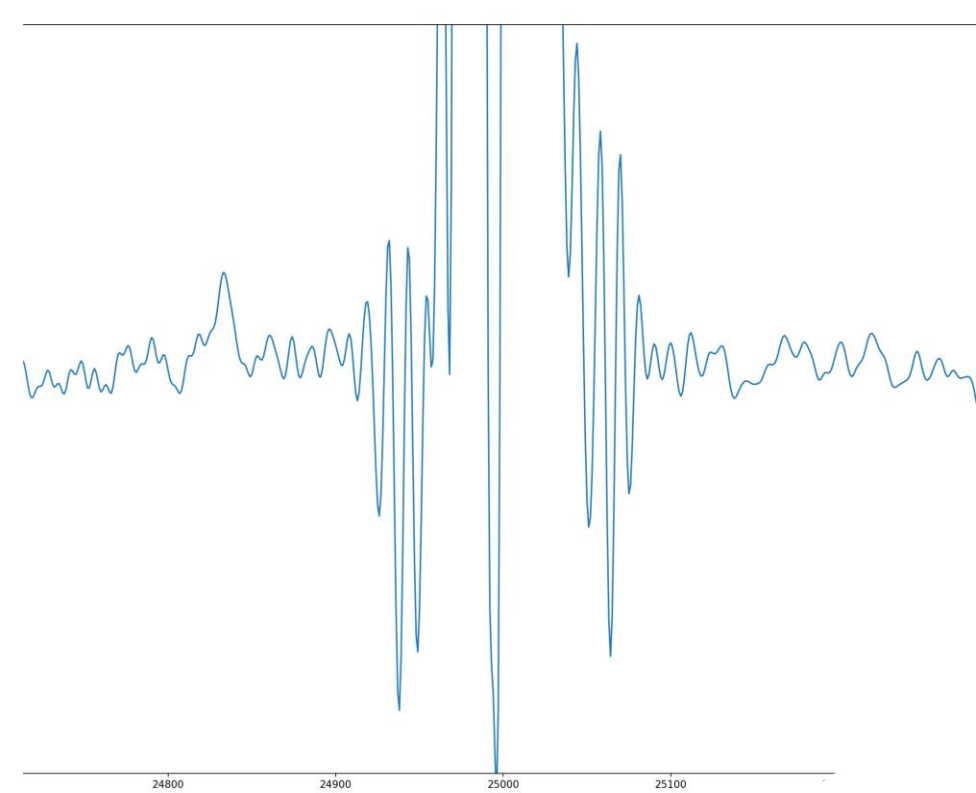
Data comparison





The future of SII at H.E.S.S.

- Await decision about funding proposal
- Install setup on all 4 Phase I telescopes
- Install “permanent” setups for (partly) remote operations
- FlashCam tests at CT5 (CTA prospect)



MI²SO – Intensity Interferometry *at* ECAP

Mobile Intensity Interferometer for Stellar Observations

30 July 2024

Andreas Zmija
H.E.S.S.

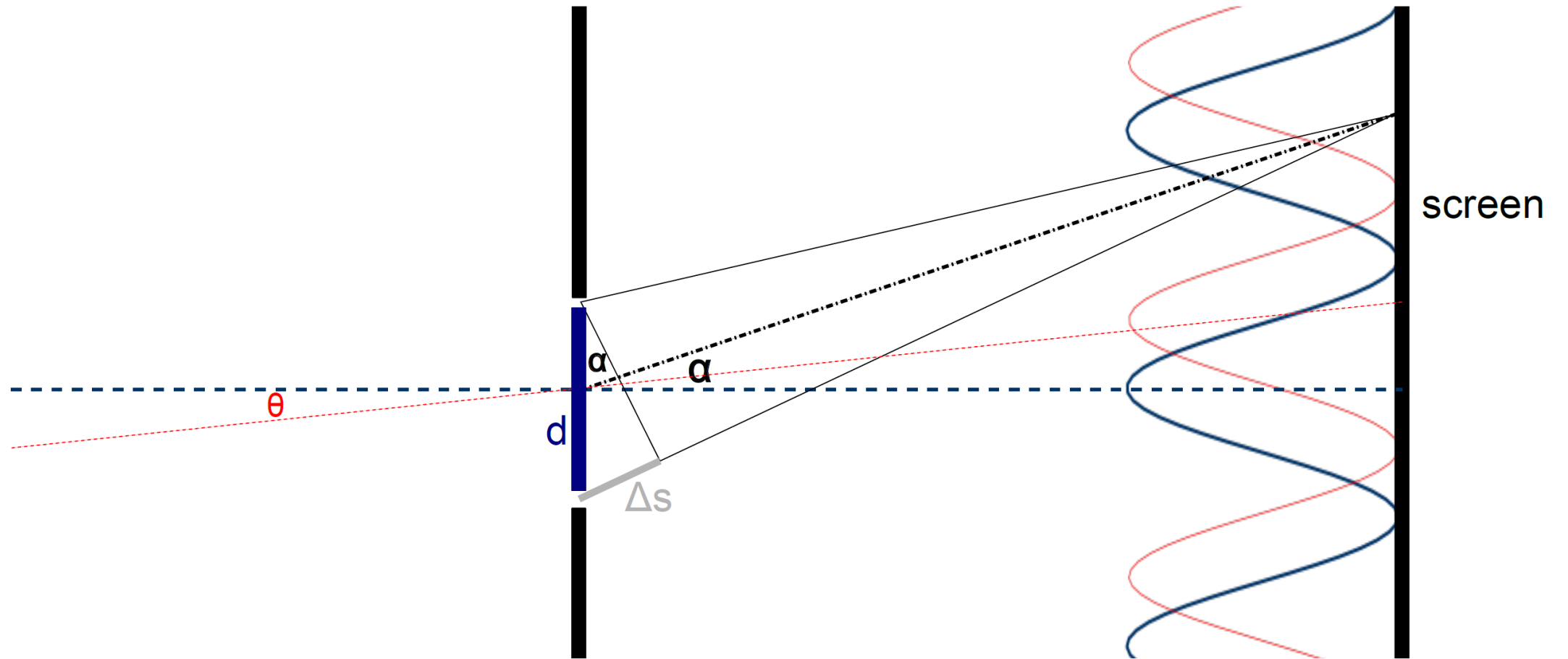
ECAP

Stellar Intensity Interferometry with

35

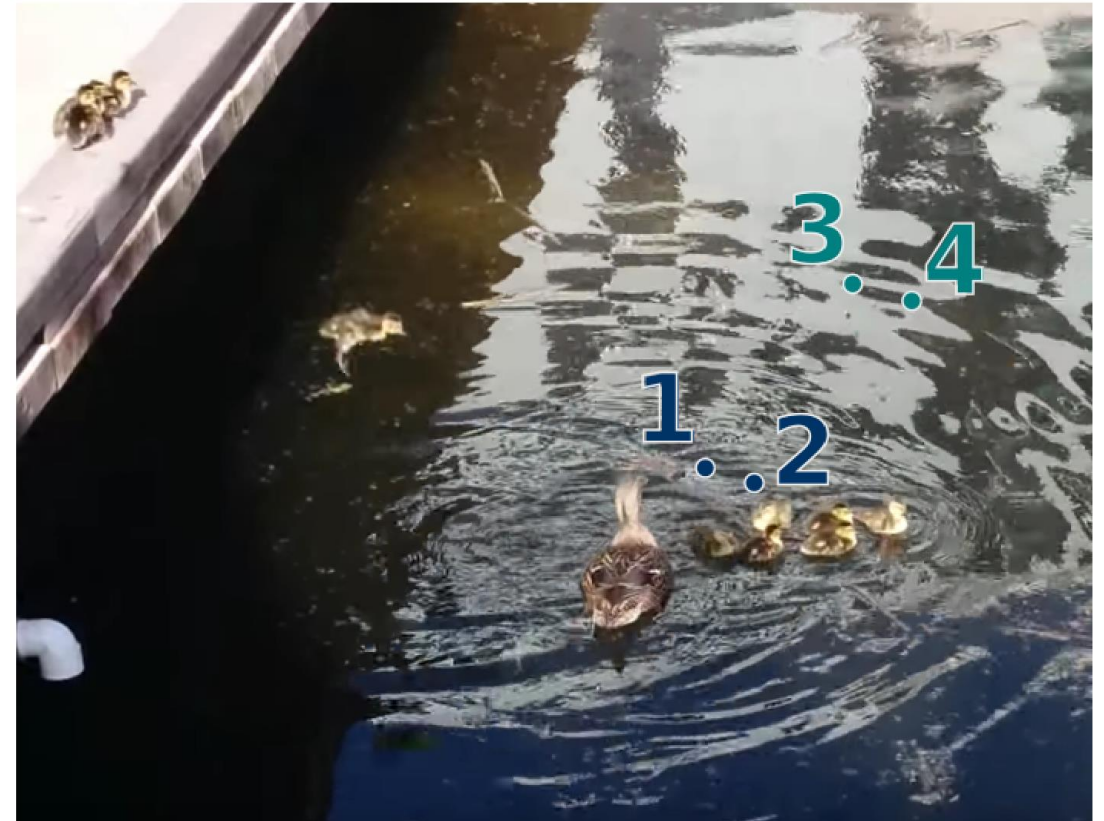
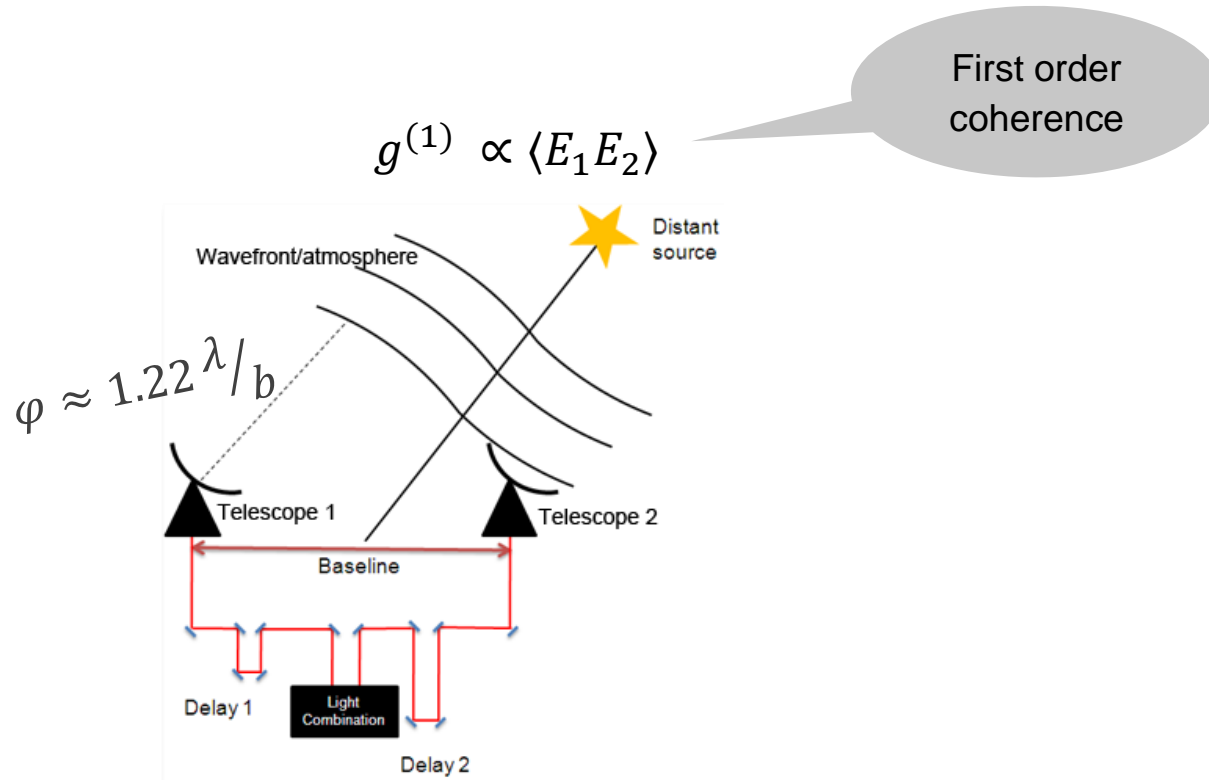


Thank you for paying attention!



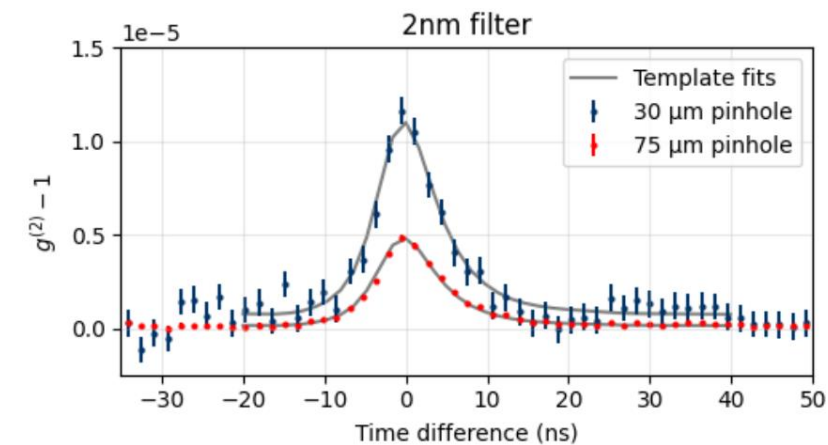
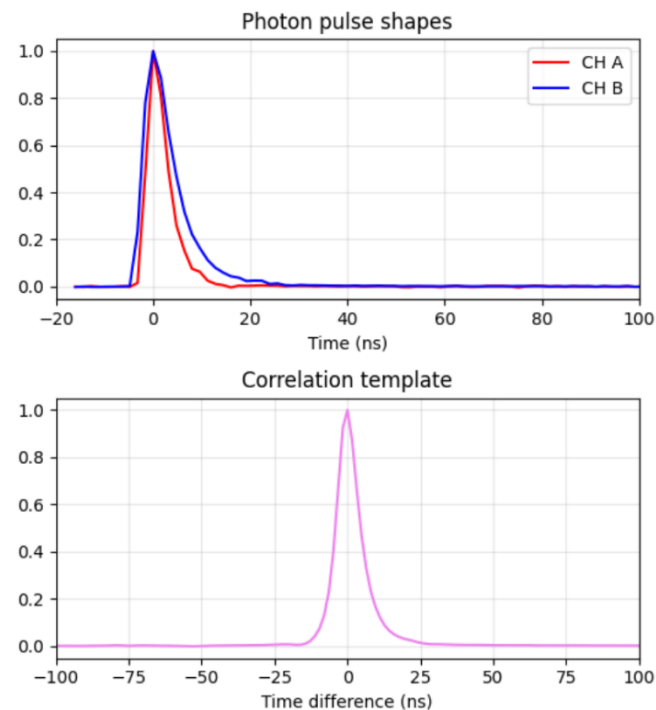
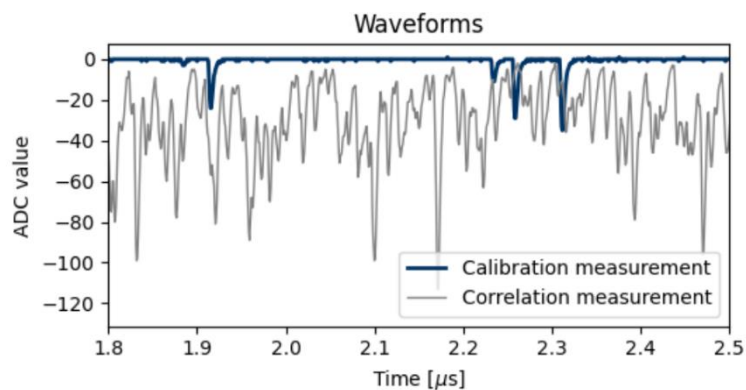
Boundaries of Interferometric Astronomy

- High resolutions typically achieved by amplitude interferometers
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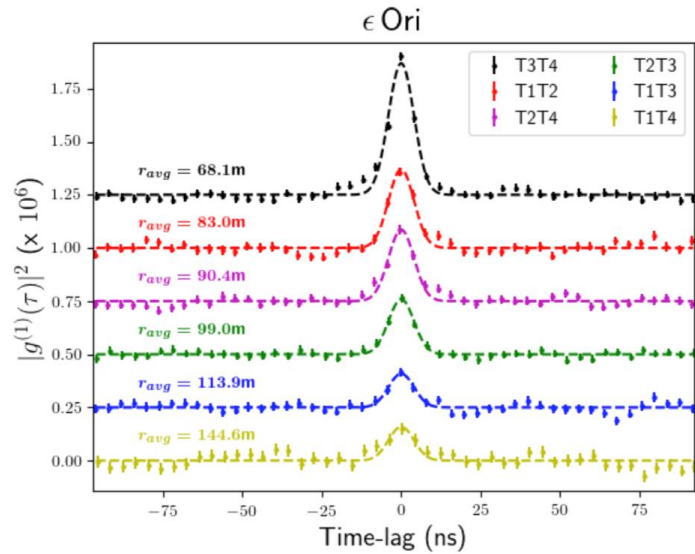


A.Zmija - Design and characterization of an intensity interferometer with thermal light sources (2019)

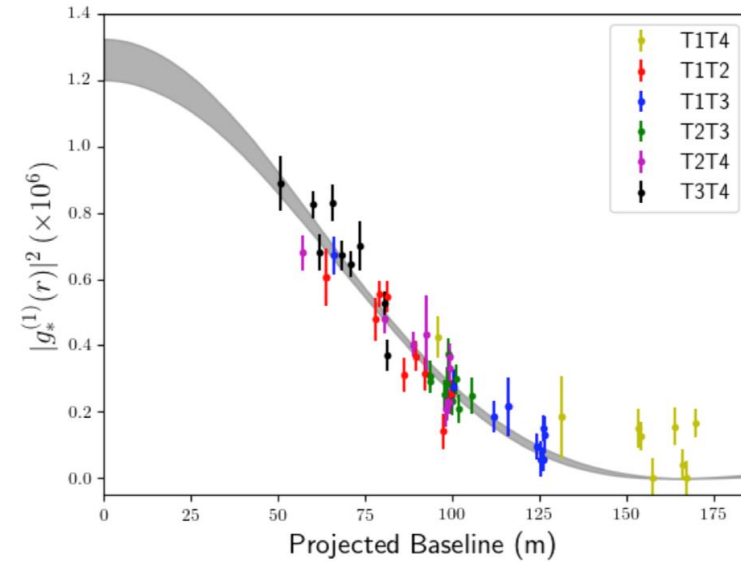
Preparatory investigations in the lab



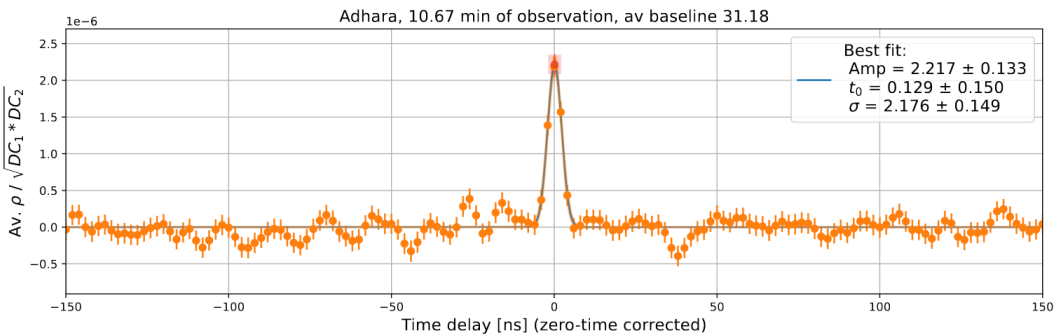
IACT Intensity Interferometry in the Northern Hemisphere



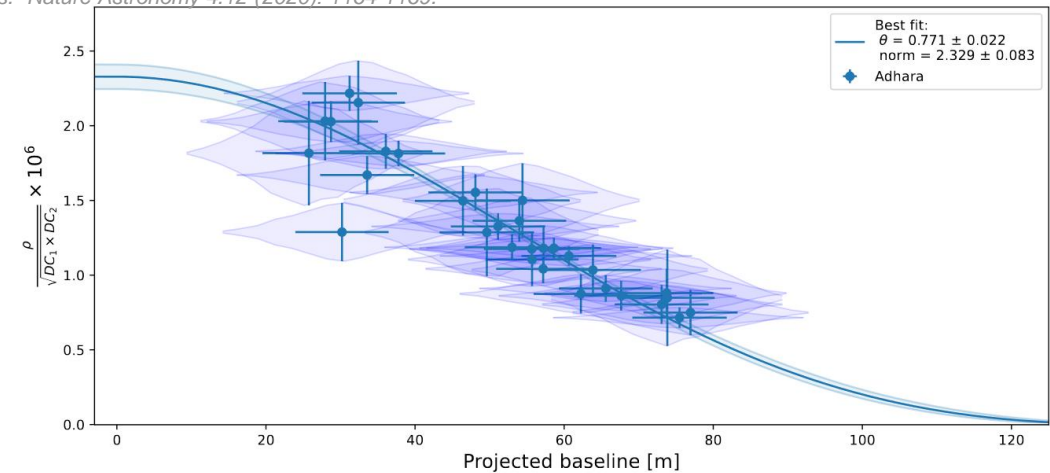
VERITAS
(2020)



Abeysekara, A. U., et al. "Demonstration of stellar intensity interferometry with the four VERITAS telescopes." *Nature Astronomy* 4.12 (2020): 1164-1169.

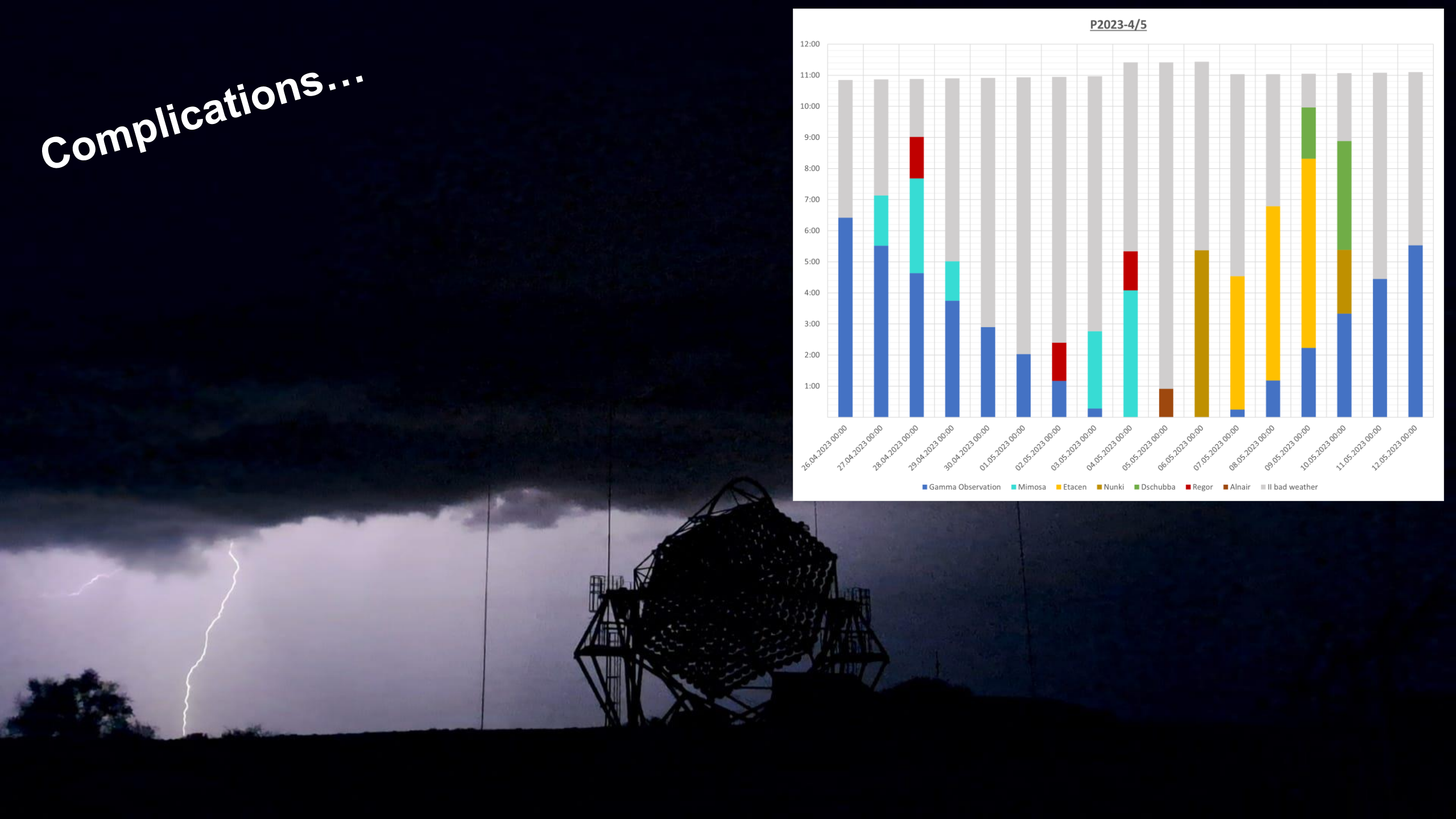
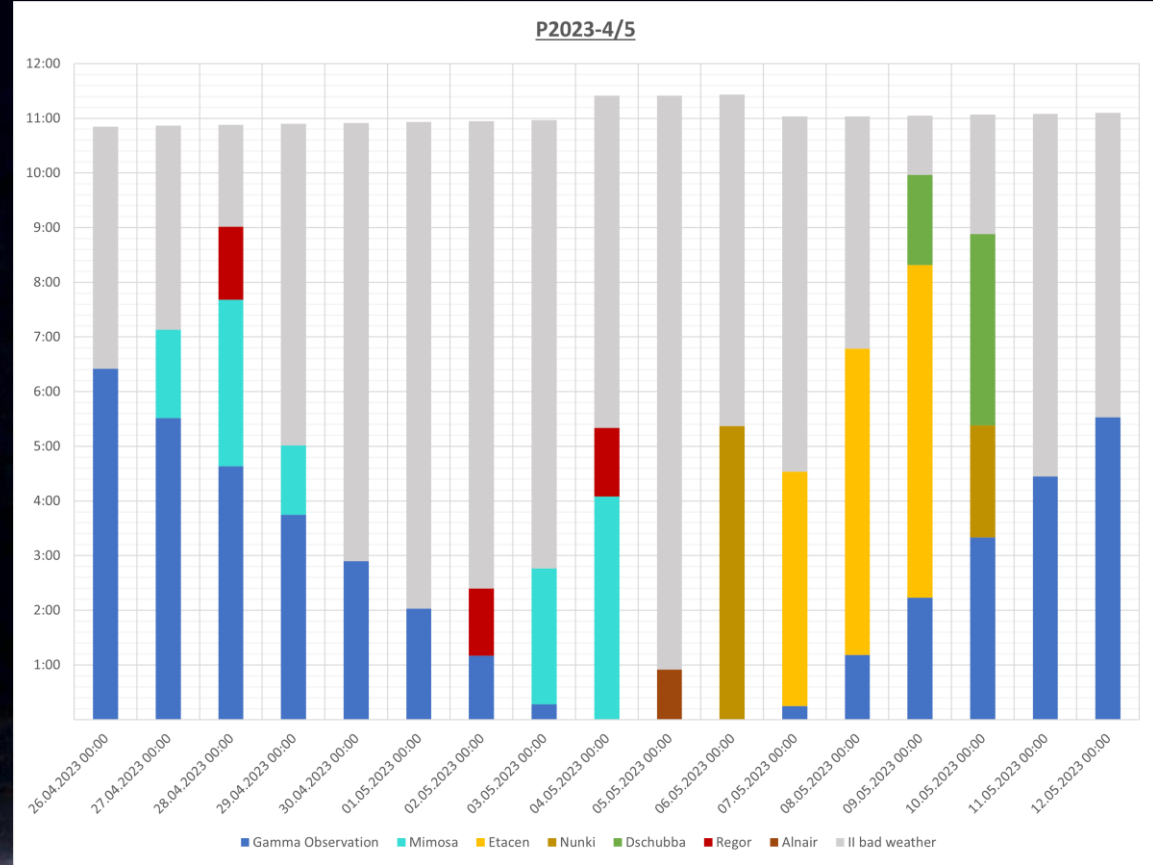


MAGIC
(2022)

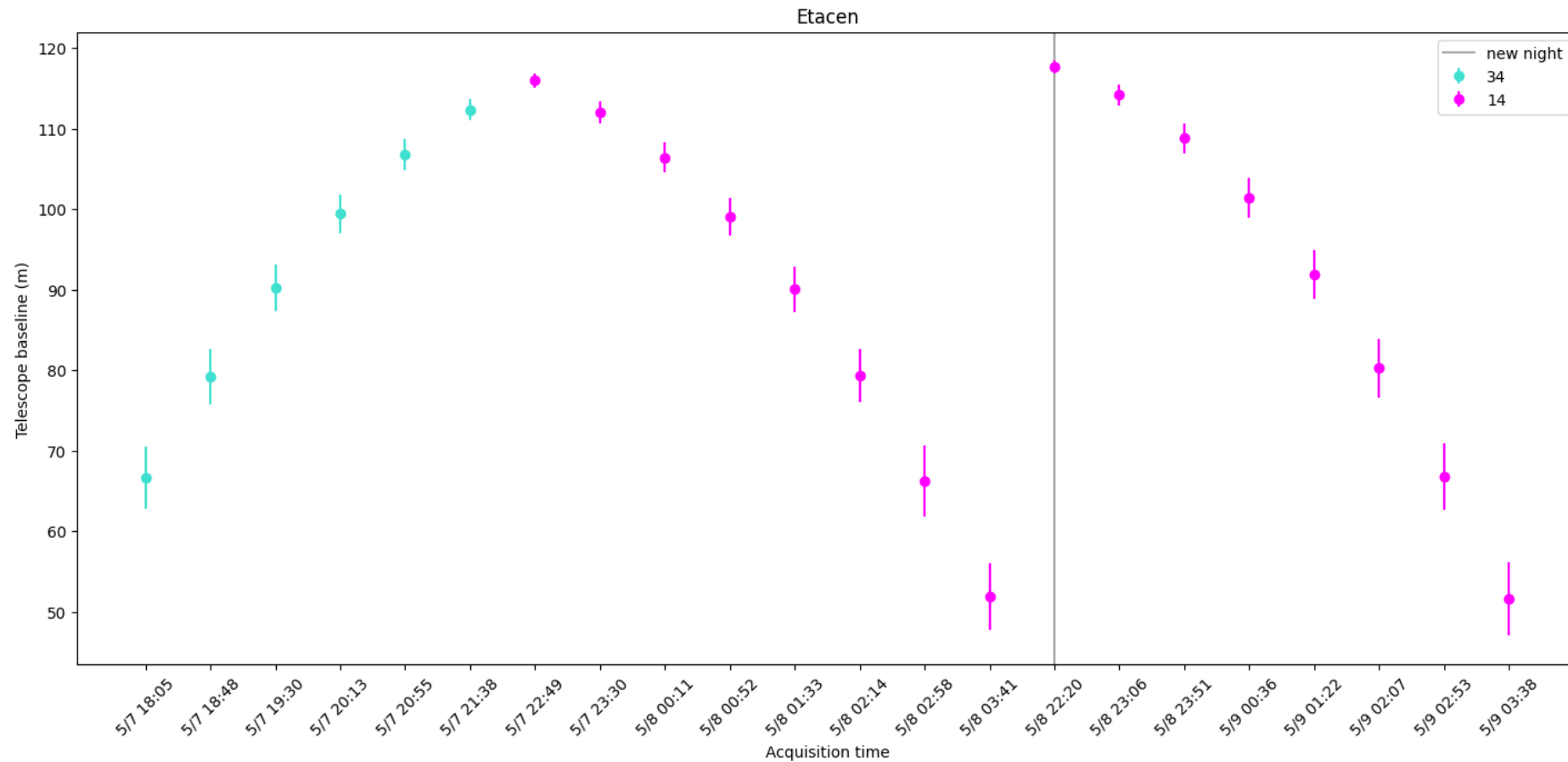


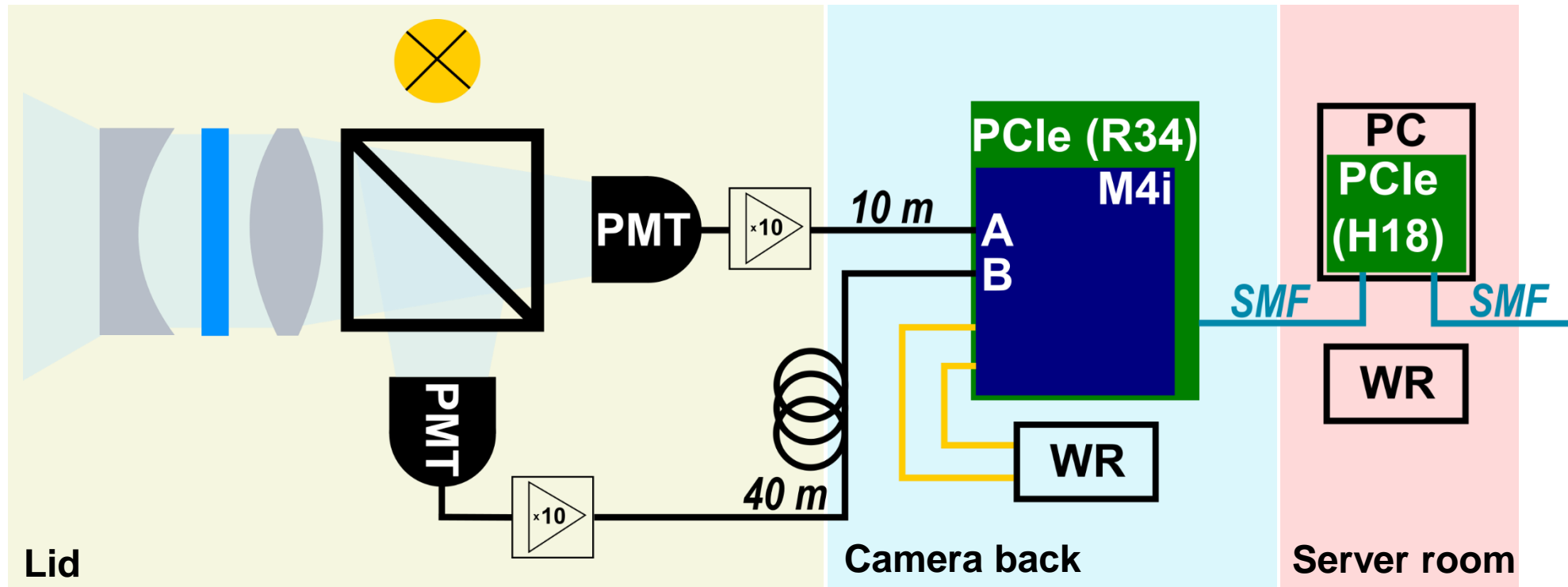
Adapted from: Cortina, Juan, et al. "First measurements and upgrade plans of the MAGIC intensity interferometer." *Optical and Infrared Interferometry and Imaging VIII*. Vol. 12183. SPIE, 2022.

Complications...



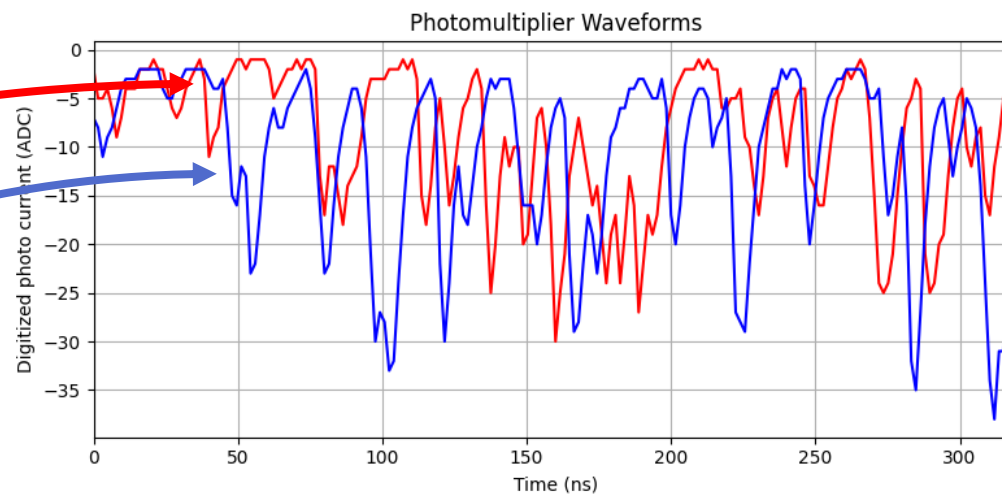
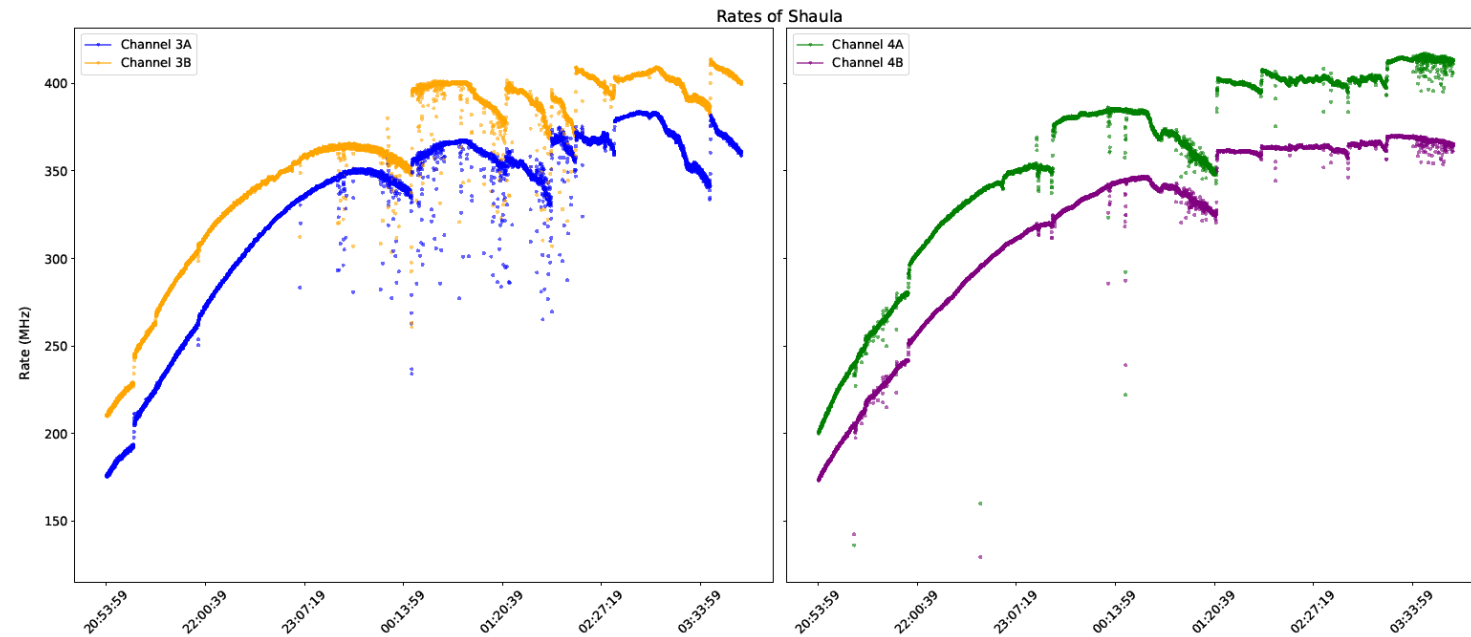
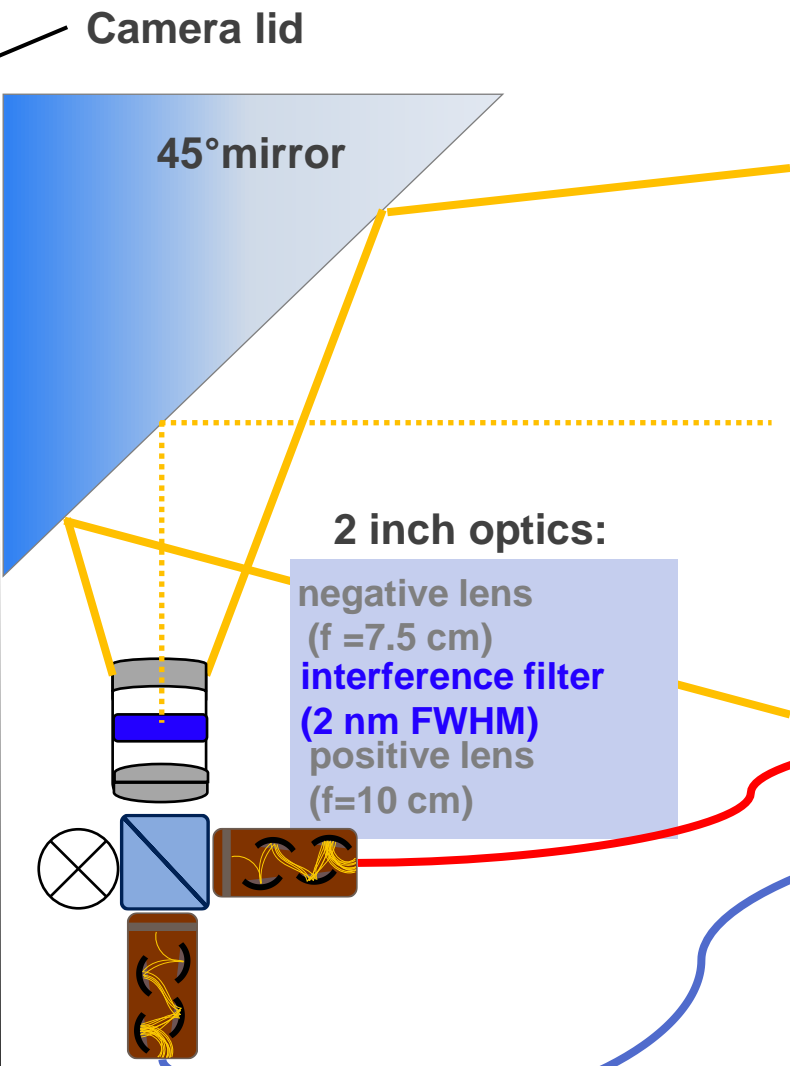
Complications: broken amplifiers





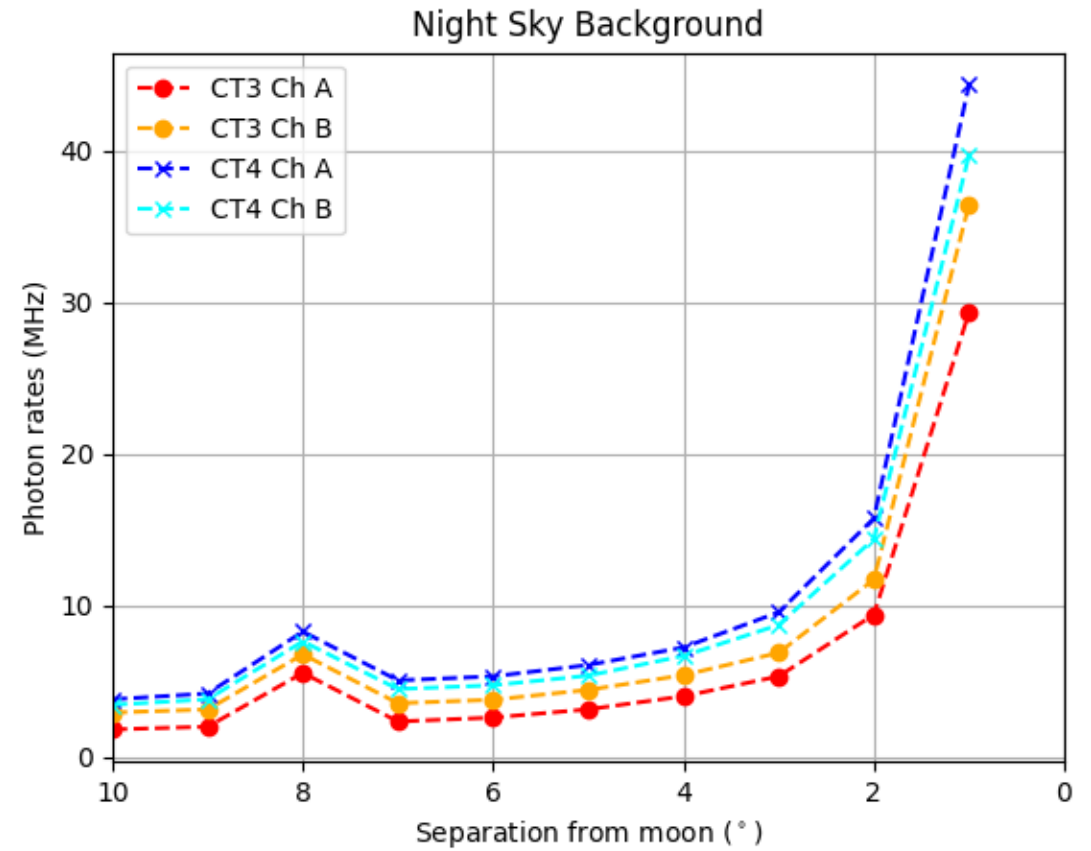
- Digitize in focal plane (camera back)
- Offline correlation and analysis after measurement
- Synchronization with White Rabbit (existing on site)

Photon rate measurements



Results

Moonlight measurements



Results

Optical path delay correction

