Studying relativistic jets in Active Galaxies at multiple scales and wavelengths

Julius-Maximilians-UNIVERSITÄT WÜRZBURG



LOFAR Family Meeting 2022

Etienne Bonnassieux, JMU Würzburg on behalf of LOFAR-VLBI Working Group, and many more beside

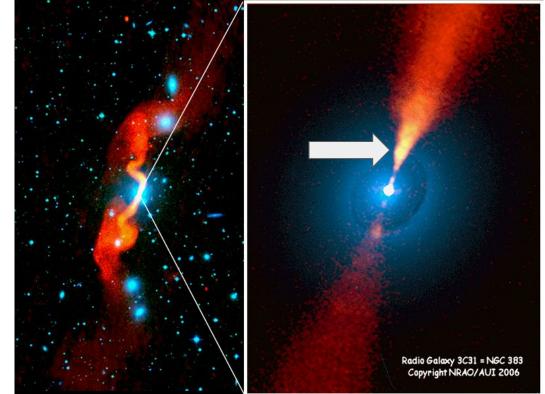
Scientific Context: Continuum Emission of AGN

Our work focuses on a very specific band: continuum radio emission, at low frequencies (~150 MHz).

Particularity of radio measurements: no extinction of emission!

Emission present at various scales: need to deal with diffuse & compact emission simultaneously

Want: sensitivity, diffuse emission, compact emission, & low frequency.



Scientific Context: SKA and its Pathfinders

Collecting area: 1 sq. km

Resolution: ~10 mas a 1 GHz

(a 1 euro coin at 400 kilometers) Sensitivity: ~50 nJy/Beam

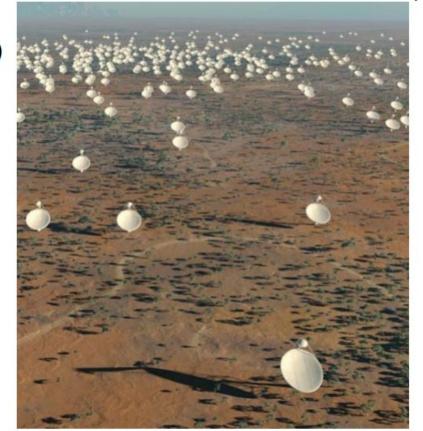
[8 hours, 500Mhz bandwidth]

Field of view: ~ 1 degré carré 360.000x360.000 pixels images

Survey speed: x10.000

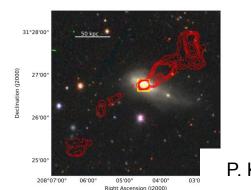
A few huge radiotelescopes prototypes of the SKA:

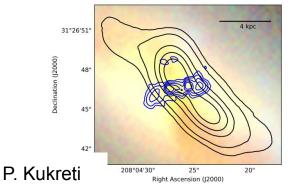
- MeerKAT (under construction)
- LOFAR (operational)
- ASKAP

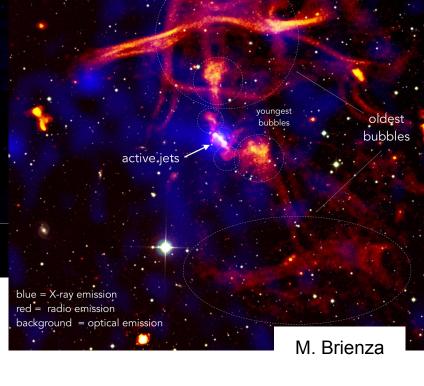


Slide credit: Cyril Tasse

"Collimated synchrotron threads linking the radio lobes of ESO 137-006", M. Ramatsoku et al. 2020, A&A MeerKAT Radio Telescope image at 1000 MHz Image credits: Rhodes University / INAF / SARAO



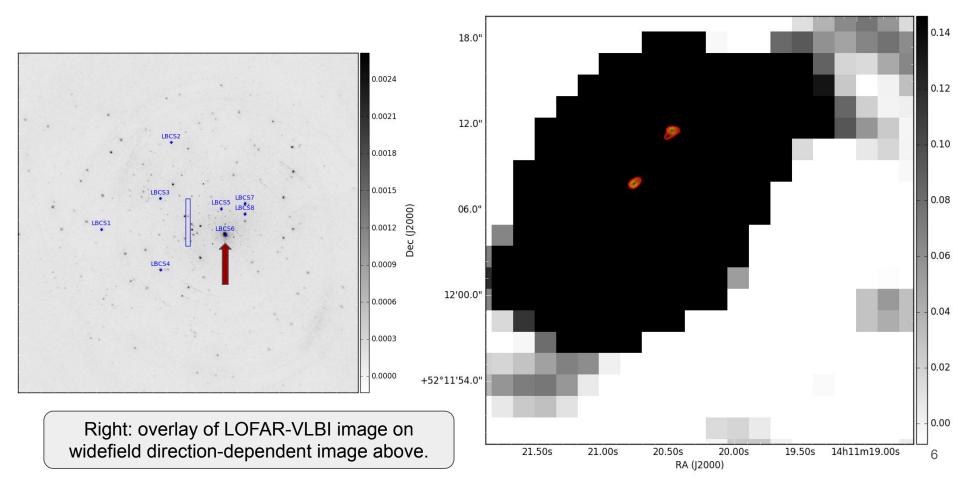




SKA precursor results for AGN observations



Images of LBCS sources in the field - 3C295



New era, new challenges

Key challenges for new era of radio interferometry. Importantly:

- → SKA data volume...
 - 100 times global internet traffic!!!!
 - Need on-the-fly calibration + imaging
 - Can only realistically store final science products (images)
- → Need fast, efficient algorithms to improve final images.





Much work remains!

Questions?