



Development & performances of 20 picosecond intensity interferometry setup

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2025, Oct 15



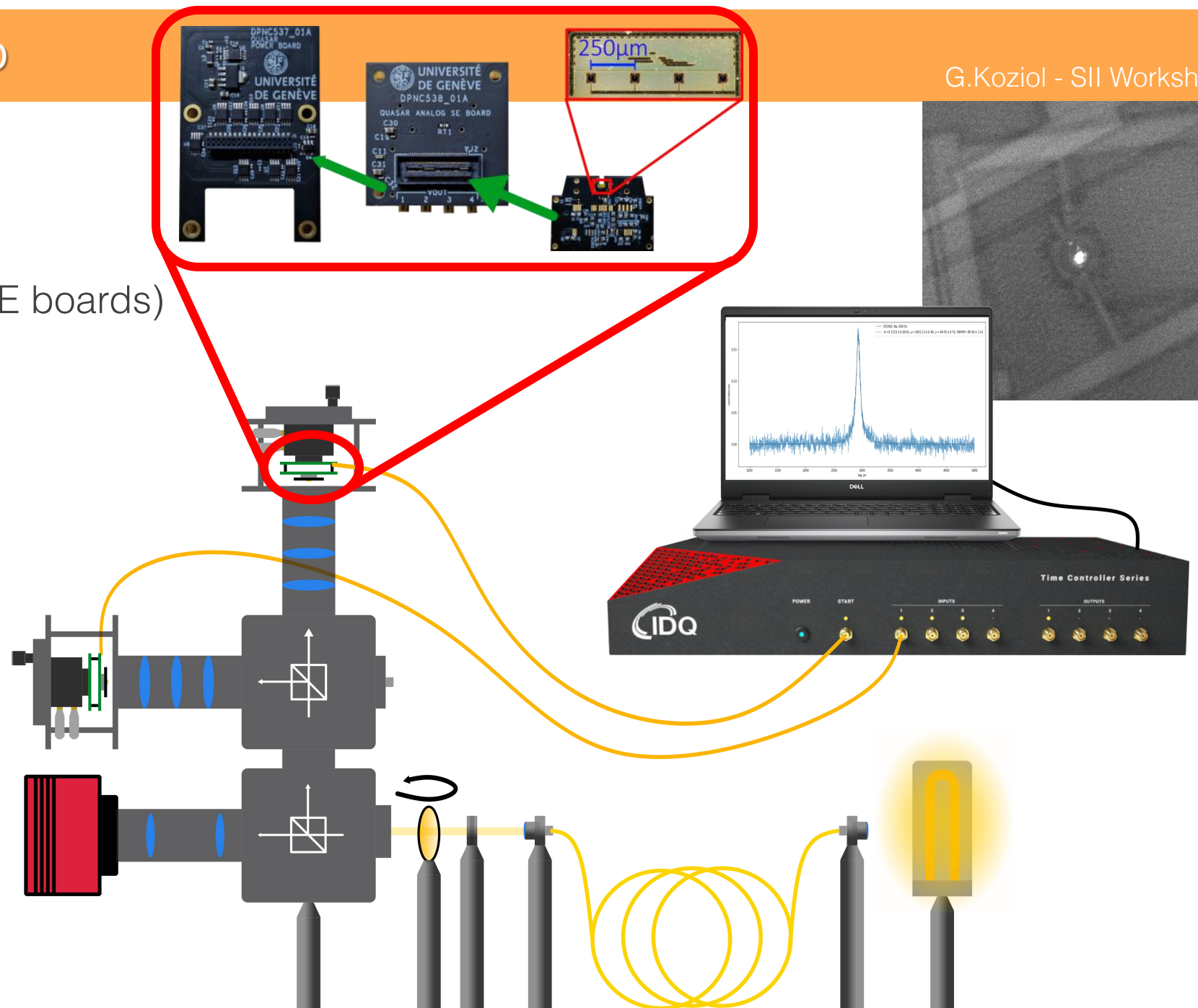
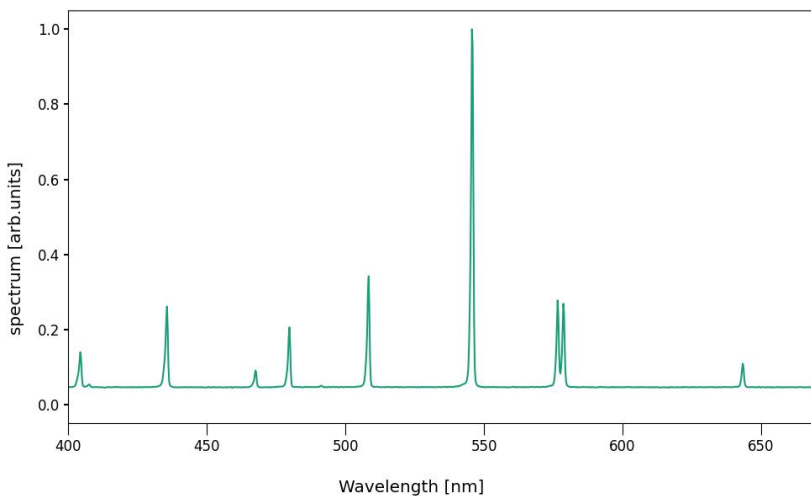
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EPFL

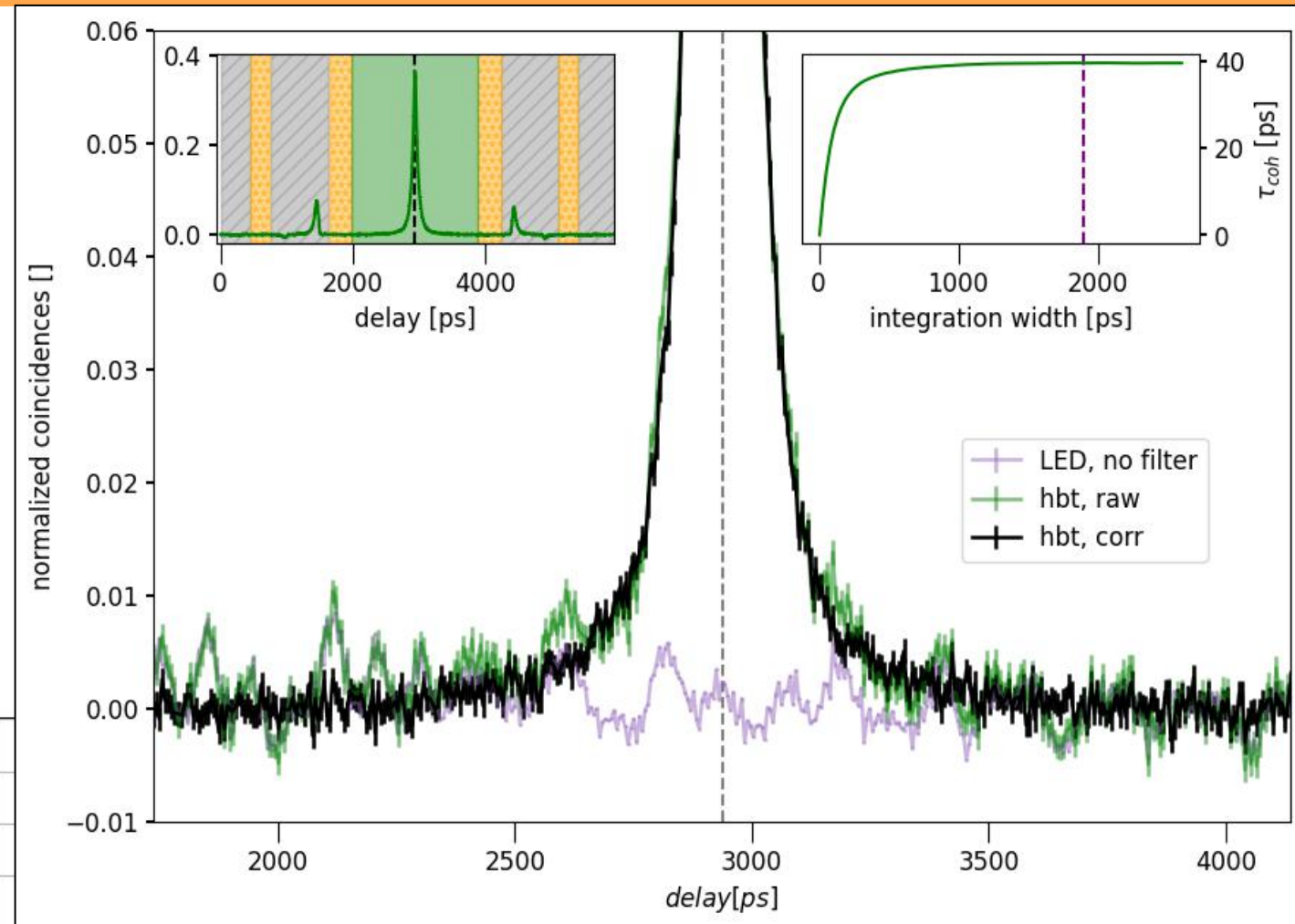
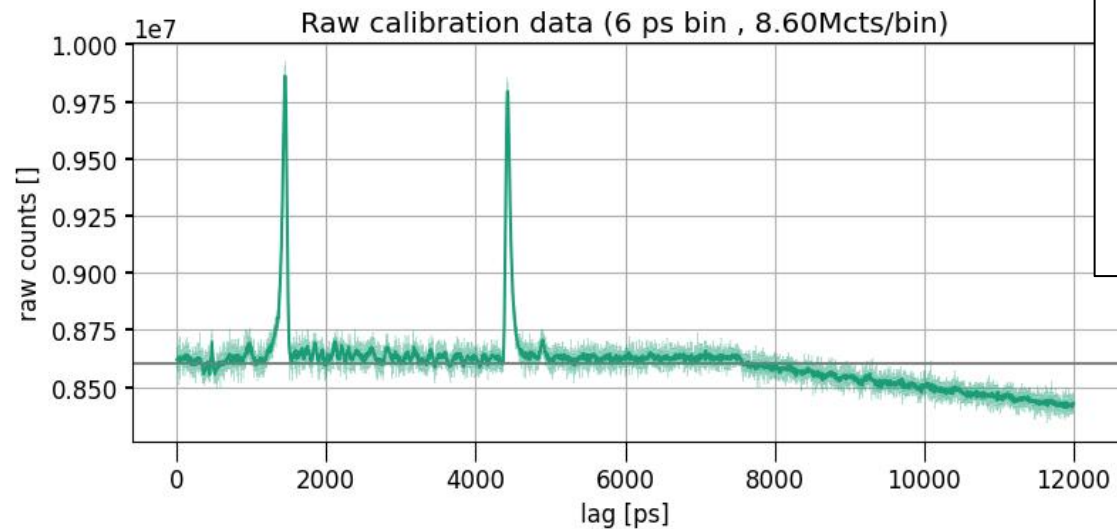


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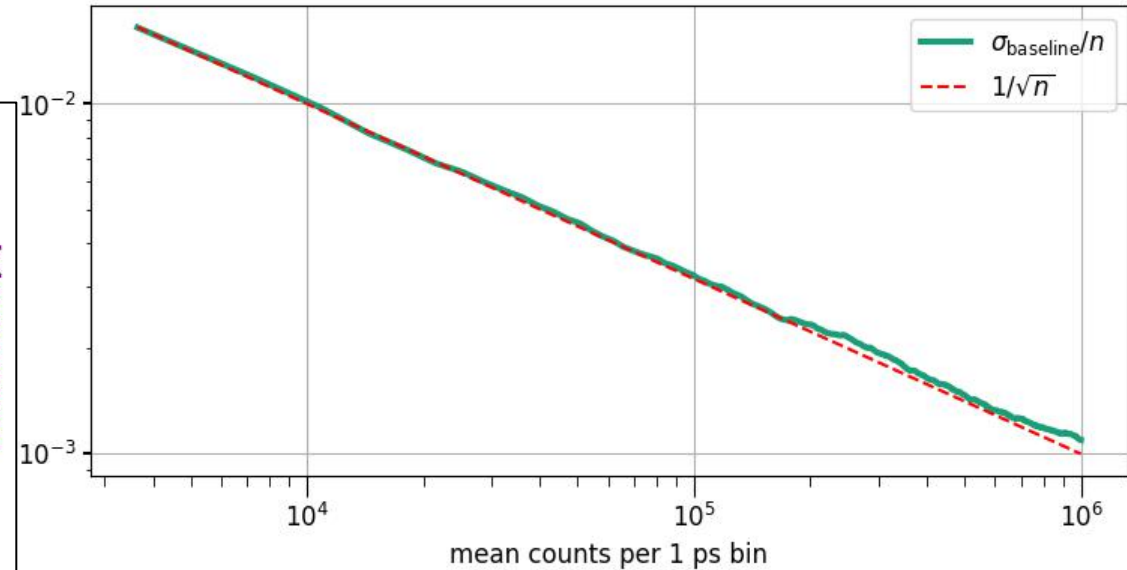
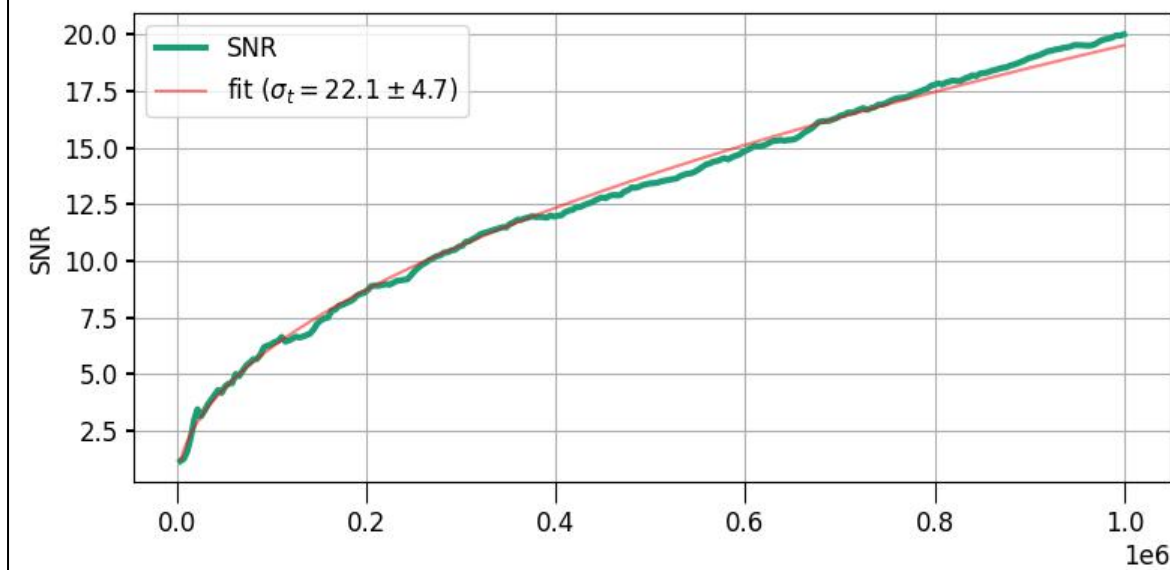
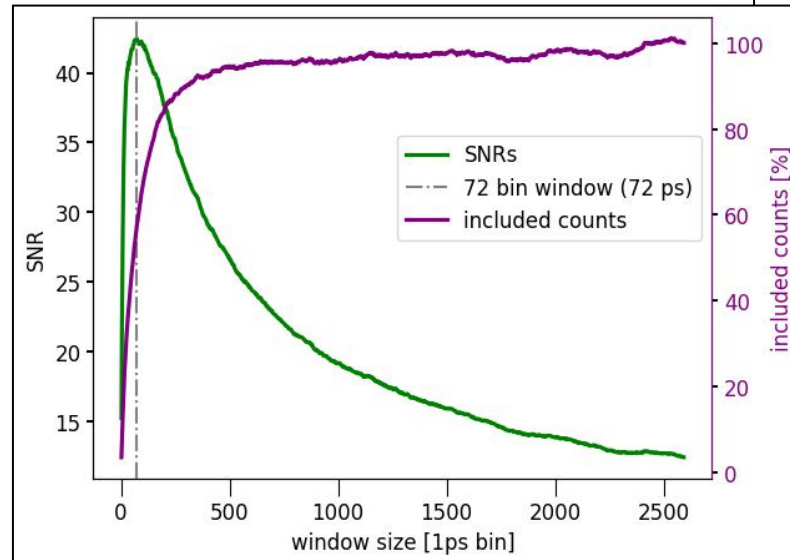
- SPADs (EPFL, CH)
 - 12.1ps FWHM
 - Analog readout (UNIGE boards)
- ID1000 TDC (IDQ)
 - 1ps dig. res
 - 3.6ps RMS measured
- Light sources (thermal)
 - LED / Hg-Cd lamps
 - Filters + tilting



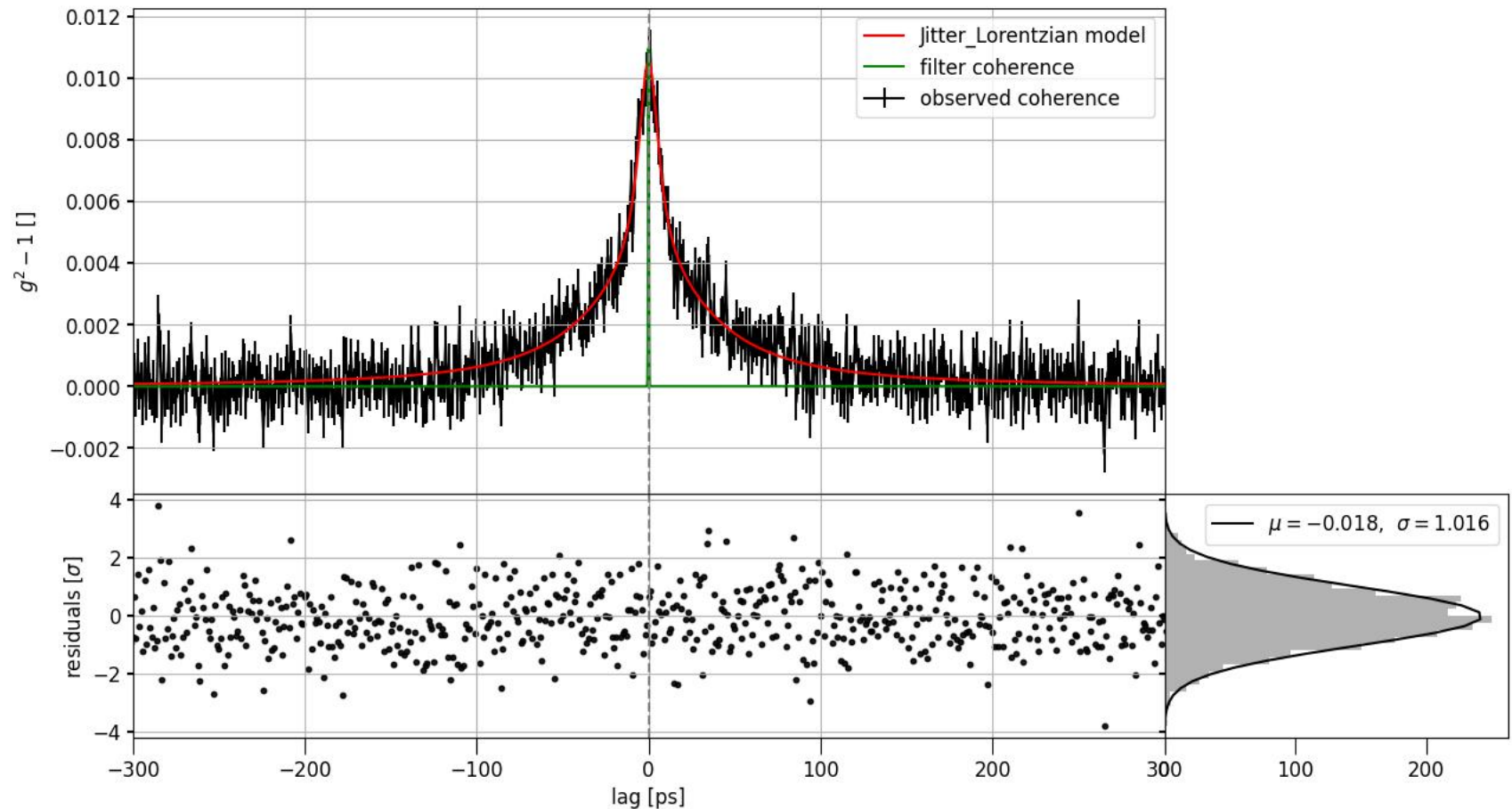
- Correlated noise
 - SPADs + TDC
 - Stationary $\rightarrow$ removable (“calib”)
- Features
 - Reflections, dead-time
 - Systematically removed
- Signal
 - Electronic delay
 - Integration width



- LED light w/ 1nm filter
 - τ_{coh} 0.57ps
 - 160h data taking
 - Const 2.5MHz rate
- Noise subtraction accounted
 - Integration window: 72ps
 - Fit time resolution (assuming gaussian):
 $\rightarrow 22.1 \pm 4.7\text{ps}$
- Low systematic
 - Line analysis

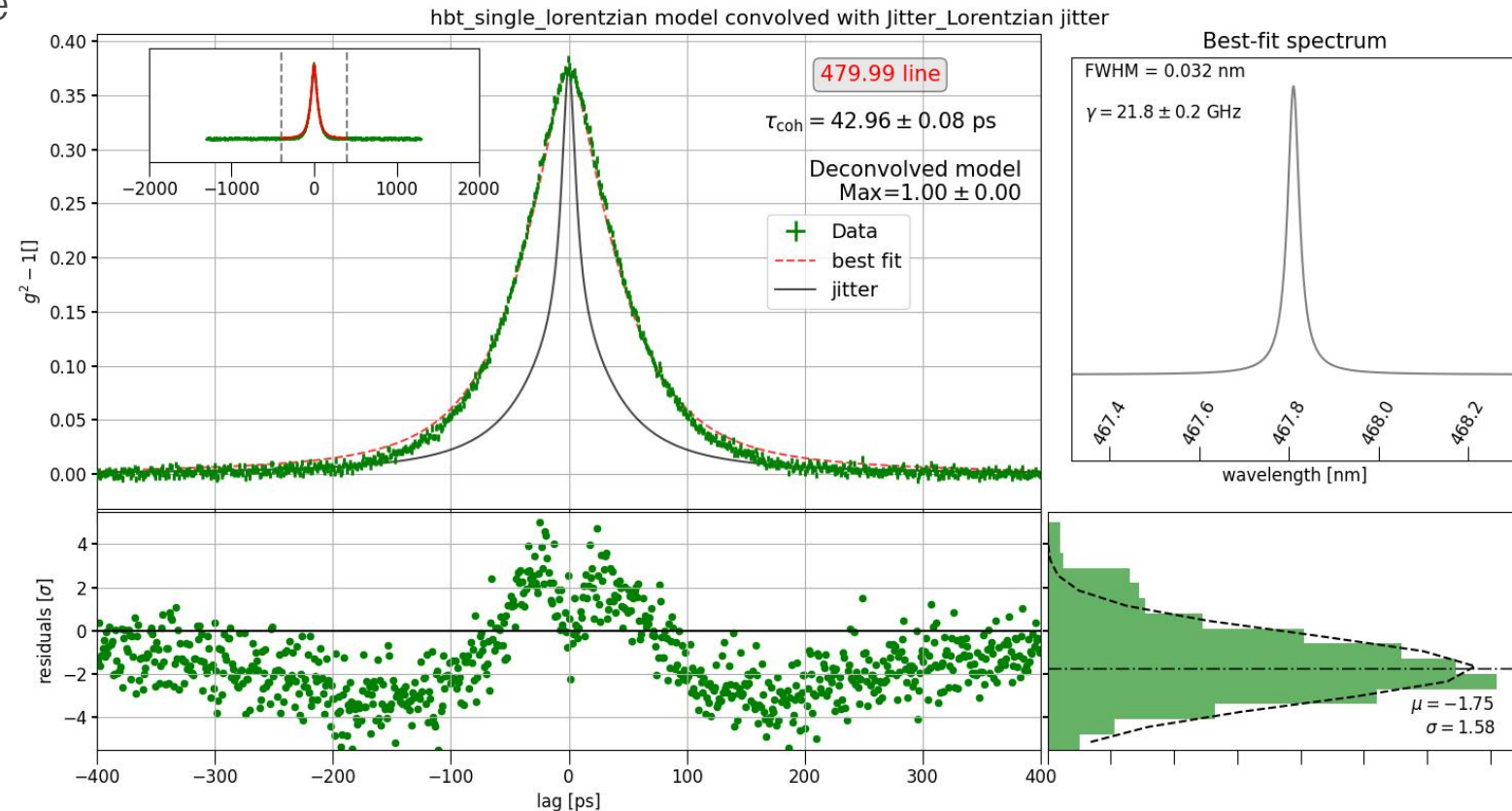
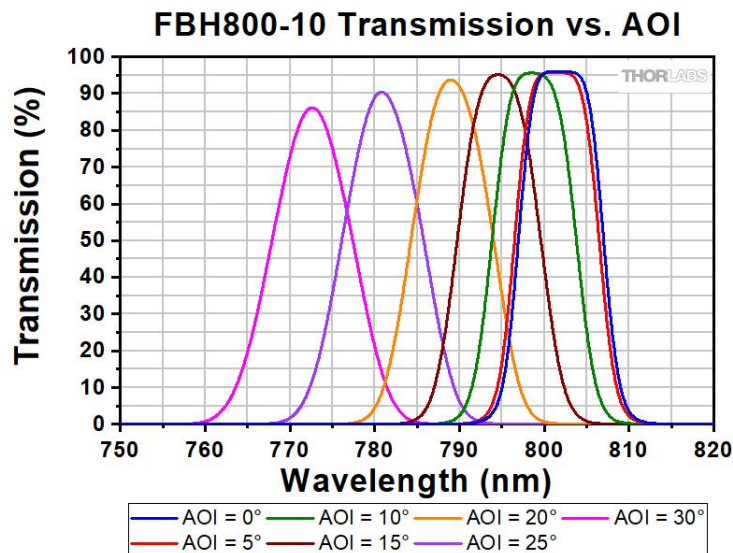


- LED light w/ 1nm filter
 - $\tau_{\text{coh}} = 0.57\text{ps}$
 - measured : $0.59 \pm 0.02\text{ps}$
 - gaussian with same integral : $\sigma = 21.5\text{ps}$
- Fit 2 lorentzian
 - Narrow core + tails
 - SPADs properties
 - $\sim 23\text{ps}$ FWHM

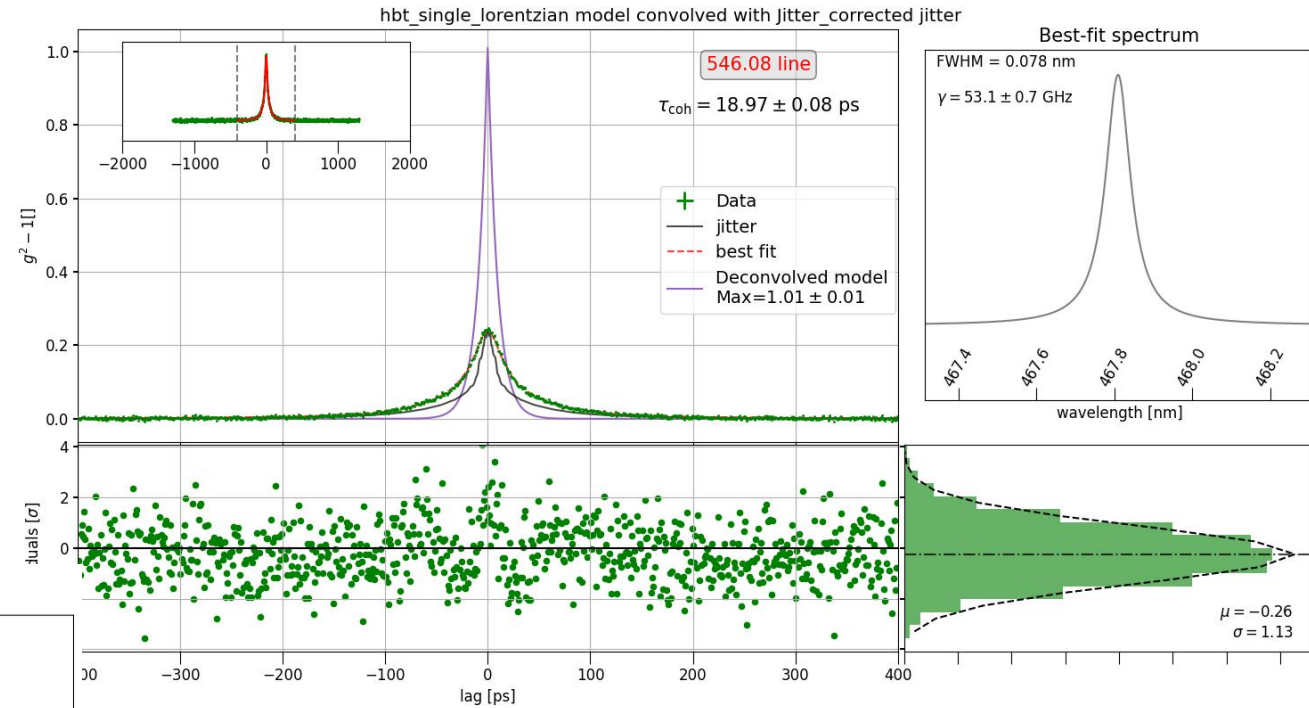
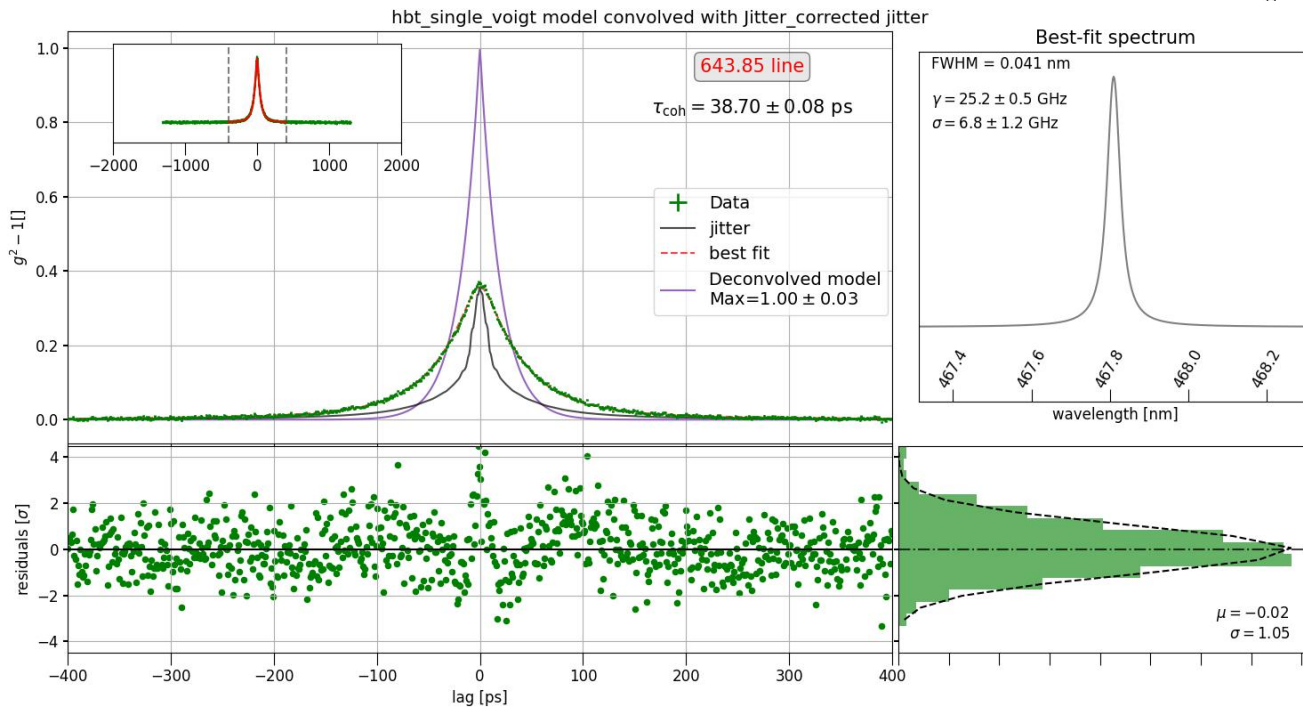


- Retrieve emission line width
 - Assume lorentzian/Voigt profile
 - Convolve with time res
 - Fit amp+linewidth
- Systematic W residuals
 - Time res ?
 - Filter ?
 - Correct !

$$g^2(\tau) = 1 + \beta |g^1(\tau)|^2$$



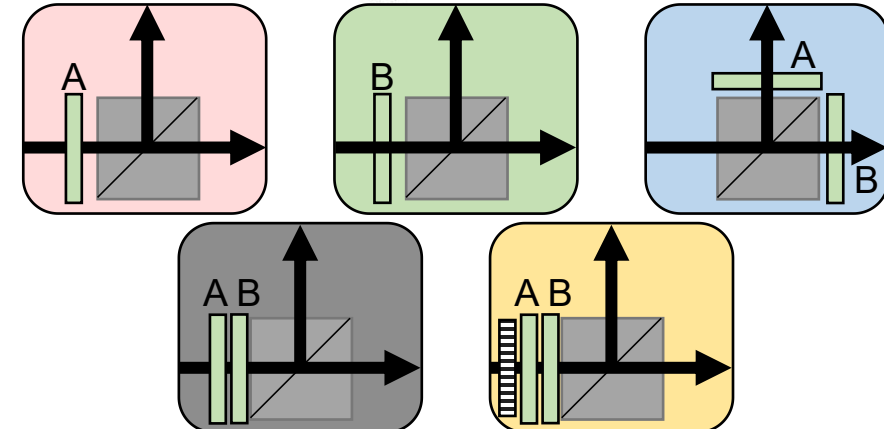
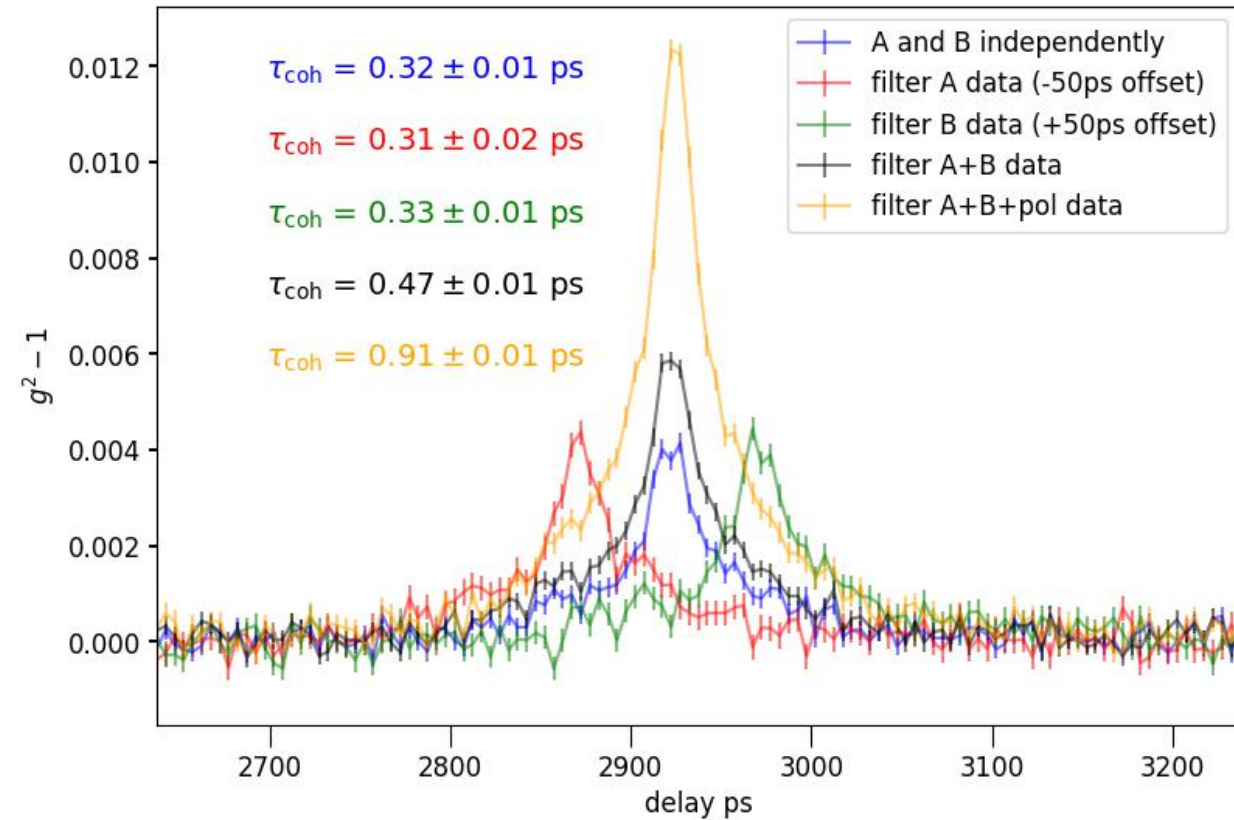
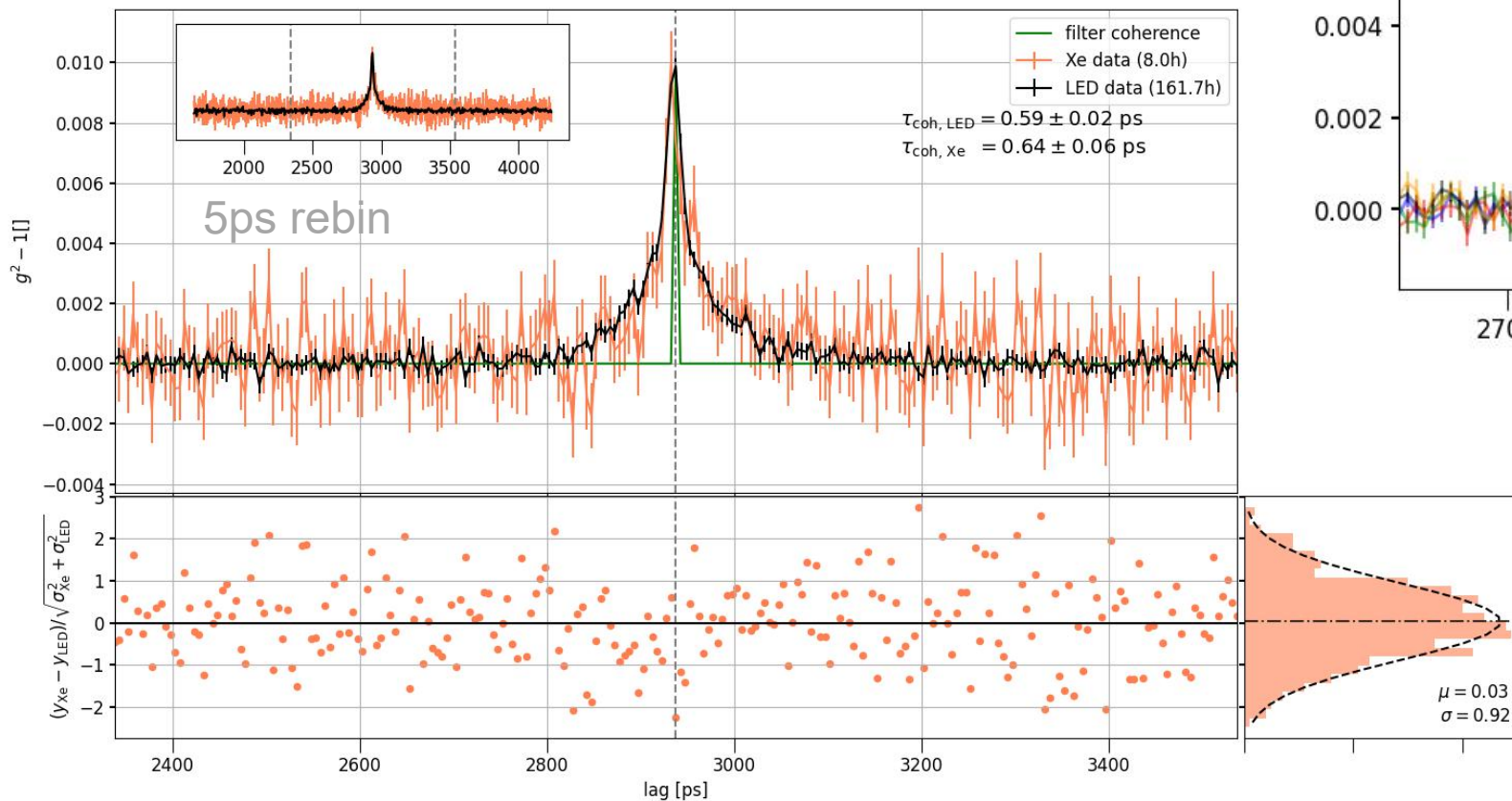
- Better residuals !
- Amplitude well estimated
- Lineshape dependant



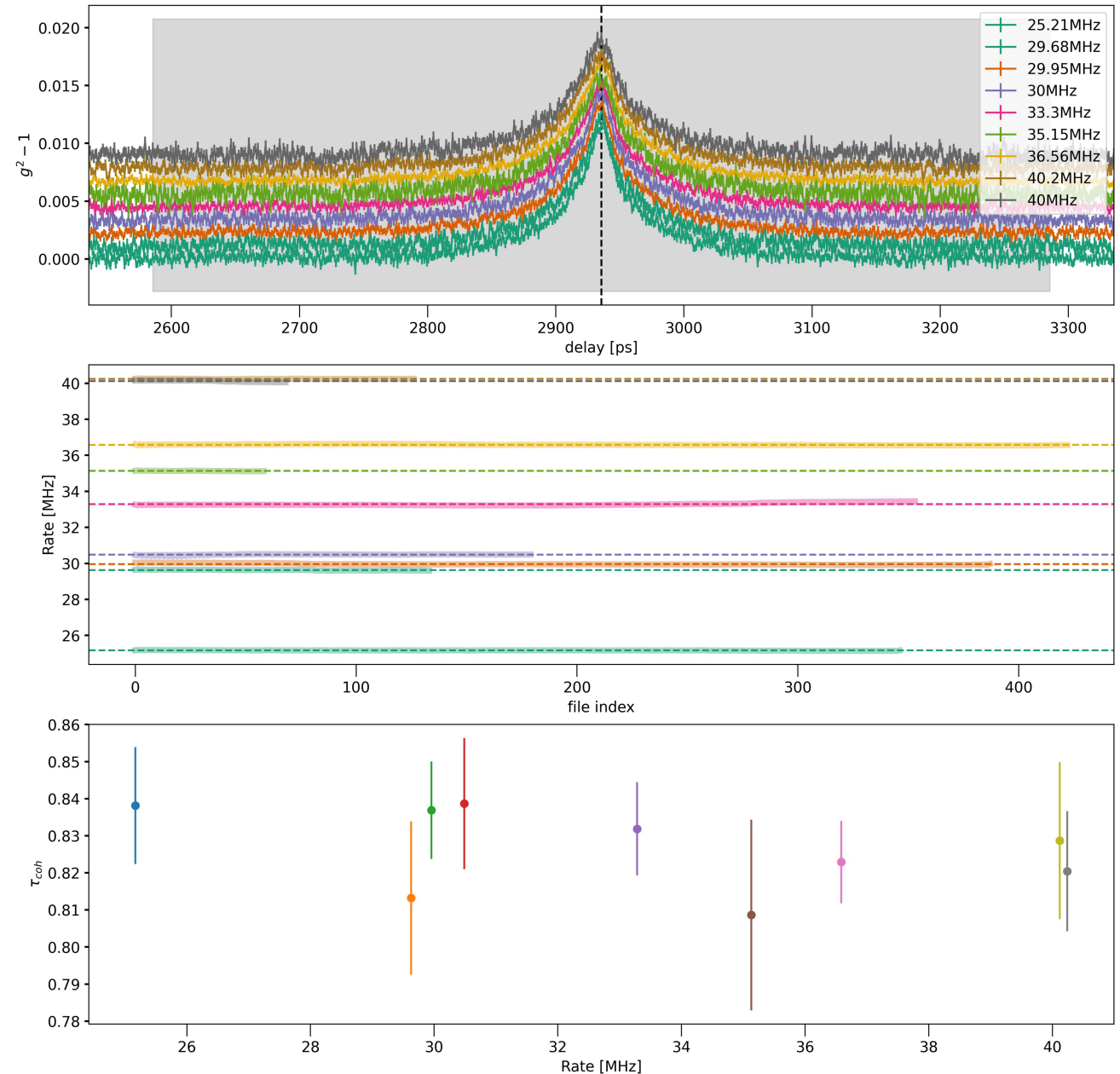
- Correction is τ_{coh} dependant ?
 - Could not apply to all lines !

Broad band analysis

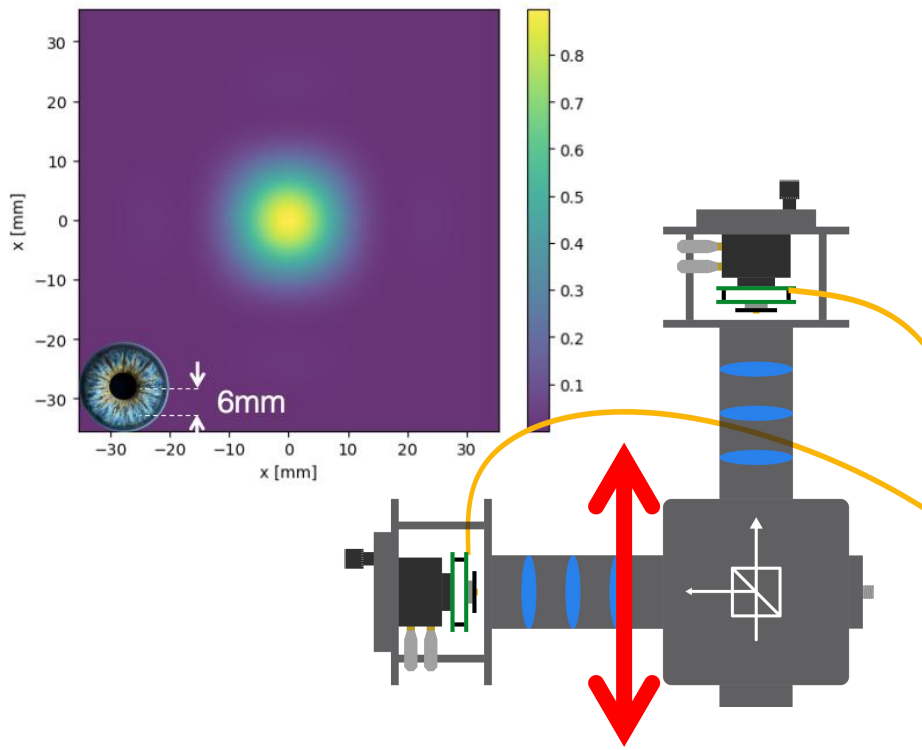
- Similar to Telescope data
- Ensure consistency
- Xenon source & multiple filters/polarizers



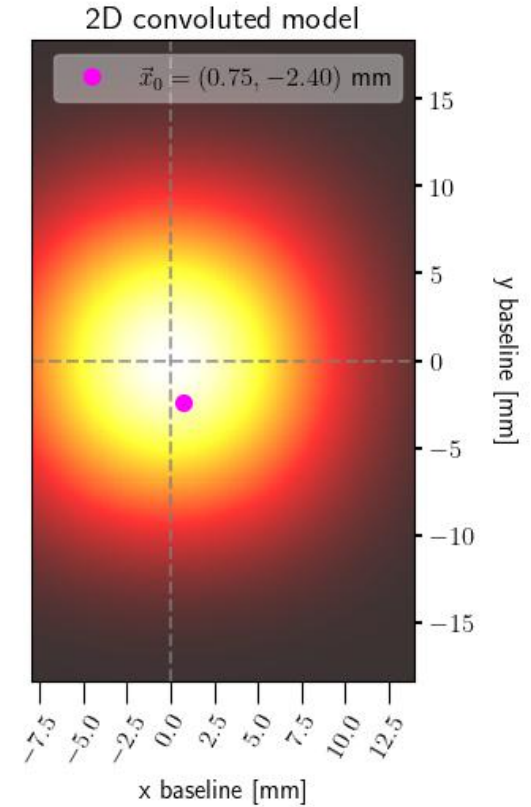
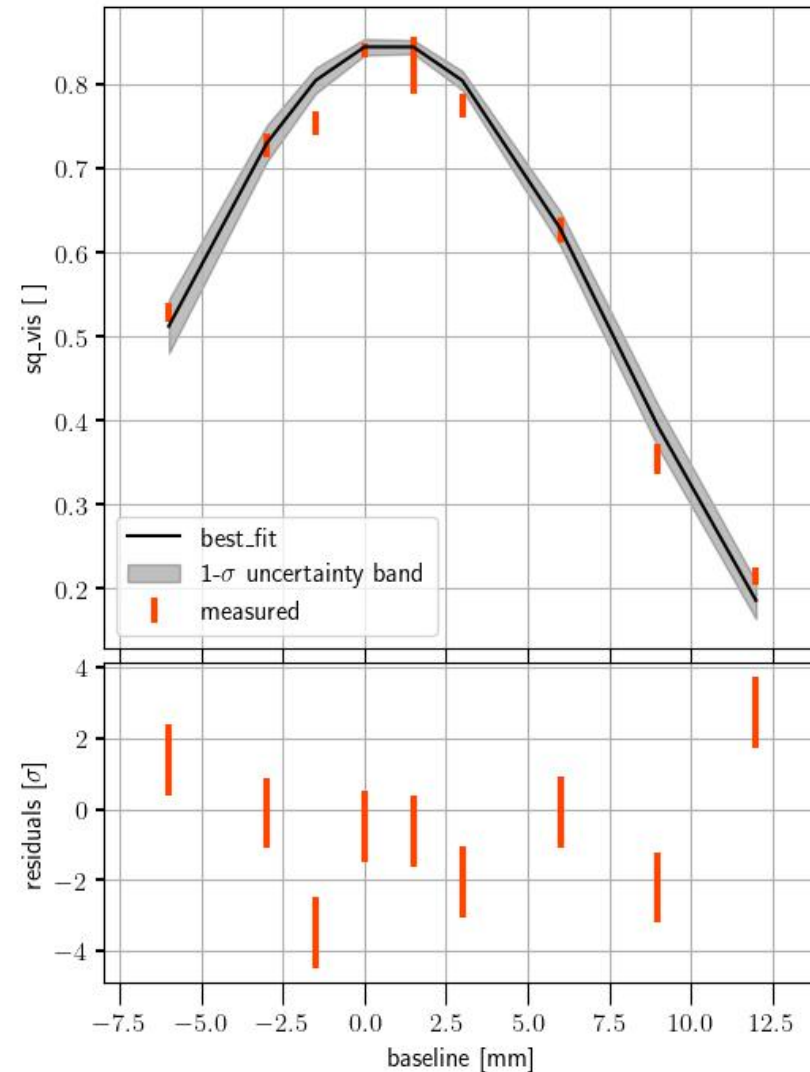
- On telescope : variable rates
- Measure coincidences integral
 - Should only vary with baseline
 - NOT rate, calib, etc..
- Single calib @33MHz
 - Rates from 25 to 42MHz
 - Compute t_{coh} for each
 - No dependency without features



- Resolving pinhole as “fake star”
 - Illuminated by Na lamp
 - 50 μ m @1.2m
 - 6mm pupil size

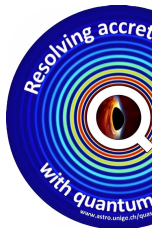


$$D_{\text{estim}} = 48.4 \pm 1.6 \mu\text{m}$$





- Low systematics
 - Up to 10^6 coinc/ps
- Small time resolution
 - @~20ps : Same SNR as HBT in 3000 times less
- Narrow line analysis compatible with expectations
 - Very sensitive to time resolution & Lineshape
- Telescope data similar to the lab conditions
 - Compatible filters
 - Different rates



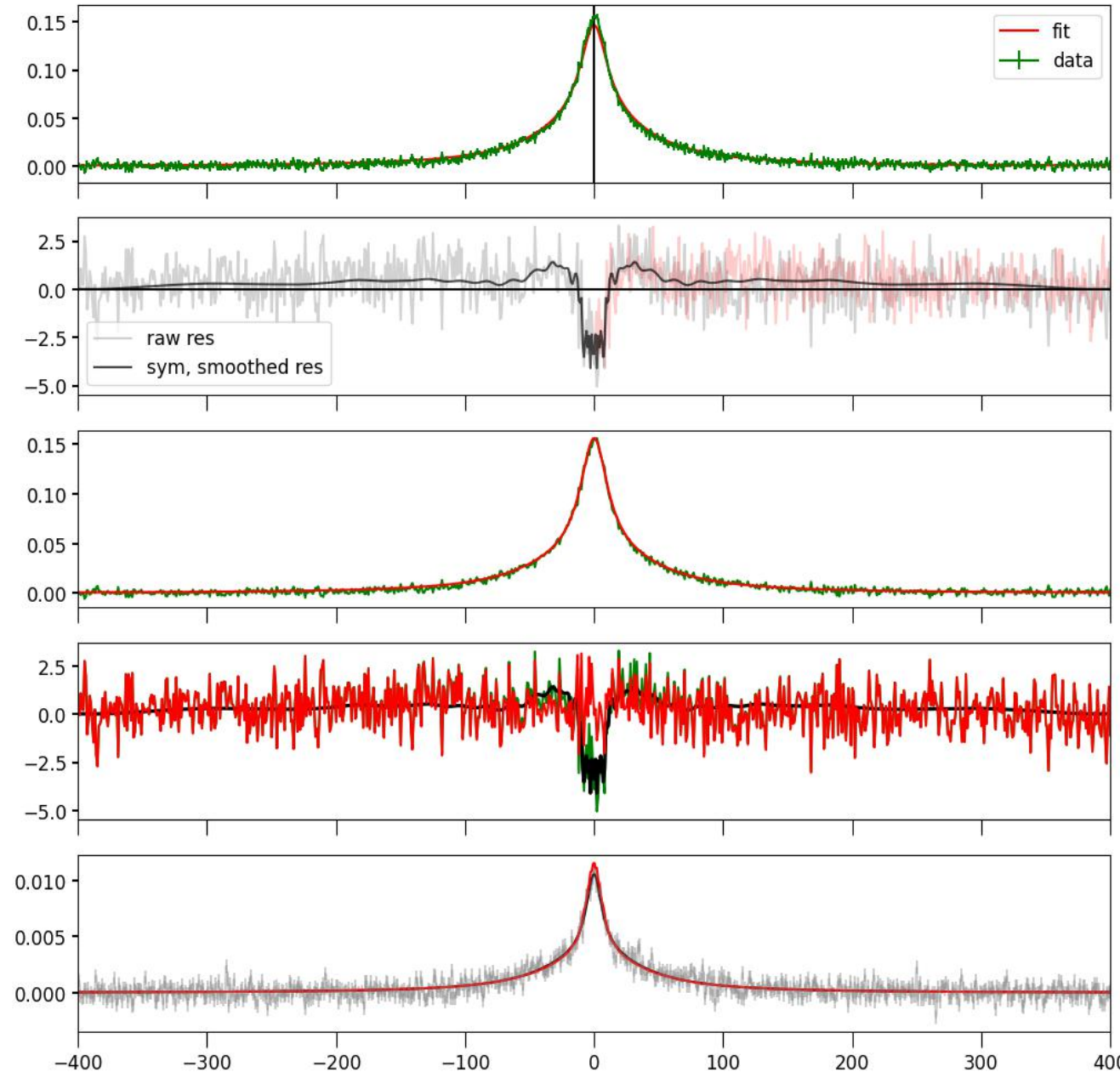
Questions ?





Backup

- Smooth W residuals
 - Symmetric correction
 - modify convolution kernel
 - Higher amp @ center
- Correction computed on 465nm line
- Use it as convolution kernel



- Problem remains for some lines
 - Not only time resolution model
 - Filter ?

